

Max Marks: 75

B.Sc.(N) [Post Basic (1st Year)]

BF/2018/08

Biochemistry & Biophysics

[New Scheme-w.e.f. 2007 admission]

Time: 3 Hours

Note: 1.) Attempt all questions. 2.) USE SEPARATE ANSWER BOOK FOR EACH PART. The Student must write separate O.P. Code in the space provided on the 3.) Title Page of the respective Answer Book. **SECTION-A** [38 marks] QP Code: PBN103 (Biochemistry) 1. (i) (a) Define Electrolytes. [2] Explain the sources of water in Human Body. (b) [4] (c) Write the functions of Sodium and Calcium. [4] (ii) ' (a) Define Plasma Proteins. [2] Explain the functions of Plasma Proteins. (b) [4] Discuss the mechanism of action of enzymes in our Body. (c) Differentiate between the following: $[2^{1}/_{2} \times 4=10]$ 2. Acid and Base. (a) (b) Essential and Non-essential Amino acids. Hypoglycaemia and Hyperglycemia. (c) Glycolipids and Phospholipids. Describe brief (Any TWO): 3. [2x3=6]Protein Biosynthesis. (b) Malabsoption Syndrome. (a) Classification of Fats. HDL & LDL. (c) (d) 4. Write Short Notes on any FOUR of the following: [4x3=12]Monosaccharides. (a) (b) Gout. (c) Catabolism of Carbohydrates for Energy Purposes. Functions of Steroid Hormones. (d) Functions of a Human Cell. (e) Composition of Blood. (f) **SECTION-B** [37 marks] QP Code: PBN104 (Biophysics) Define Fundamental Units. 1. (i) (a) [2] Explain the units of length, mass and time. (b) [4] Discuss the application of principles of Gravity in Nursing. (c) [4] (ii) (a) Define Body Mechanics. (b) Describe the principles of Body Mechanics. [4] Discuss the relationship between Pulley and Traction. [4] (c) 2. (a) [2] (b) Explain the units of measurement of Force and Energy. [4] Discuss the application of principles of Lever in Nursing. (c) [3] 3. Describe briefly (Any TWO): [2x3=6]Uses of Radioactive Isotopes. X- Rays. (a) (b) Arterial and Venous Pressure. Temperature Scales. (c) (d) 4. Write Short Notes on any FOUR of the following: [4x3=12]Transfer of Heat. Incline Plane. (a) (b) (c) Use of Light in Therapy. (d) Use of Heat for Sterilization. (e) Pacemaker. (f) Flow of Electricity in Solids.