# MADHYA PRADESH MEDICAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY, JABALPUR, M.P.

SYLLABUS
B.Sc. NURSING FOUR YEAR
DEGREE COURSE

### **English**

**Placements :** First year Time: Theory - 60 hrs.

**Course Description :** The Course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoker and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit		Content
I.	•	Review of Grammar
	•	Remedial study of Grammar
	•	Building Vocabulary
	•	Phonetics
	•	Public Speaking
II.	•	Read and comprehend prescribed course books
III.	•	Various forms of composition
		☐ Letter writing
		□ Note taking
		□ Précis writing
		□ Nursing notes
		☐ Anecdotal records
		□ Diary writing
		☐ Reports on health problems etc.
		□ Resume/CV
IV.	•	Spoken English
		☐ Oral report
		Discussion
		□ Debate
	,	☐ Telephone conversation
V.	•	Listening Comprehension
		☐ Media, audio, video, speeches etc.

# Anatomy

**Placements :** First year Time :Theory - 60 hrs.

**Course Description :** The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Content	
I.	Introduction to Anatomical terms organization of the human body	
	Human Cell structure	
	Tissues-Definition, types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and	
	formation	
	Membranes and glands- classification and structure	
	Alternations in disease	
	Applications and implications in nursing	
II.	The Skeletal System	
	Bones –types, structure, Axial & Appendicular Skeleton,	
	Bone formation and growth	
	Description of bones	
	Joints – Classification and structure	
	Alterations in disease	
	Applications and implications in nursing	
III.	The Muscular System	
	Types and structure of muscles	
	Muscle group	
	Alterations in disease	
	Applications and implications in nursing	
IV.	The Nervous system	
	Structure of neurologia & neurons	
	Somatic Nervous system	
	☐ Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves	
	Autonomic nervous System- sympathetic, parasympathetic	
	☐ Structure, location	

	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
V	The Sensory Organs
	• Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue, (Auditory and olfactory apparatus)
	Application in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
VI.	Circulatory and lymphatic system
	The Circulatory System
	☐ Blood – Microscopic structure
	☐ Structure of Heart
	☐ Structure of blood vessels - Arterial & Venous System,
	☐ Circulation – systemic, pulmonary, coronary
	• Lymphatic system
	☐ Lymphatic vessels and lymph
	☐ Lymphatic tissues
	- Thymus gland
	- Lymph nodes
	- Spleen
	- Lymphatic nodules
	Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing
VII.	The Respiratory System
	Structure of the organs of respiration
	Muscles of respiration: Intercostals and Diaphragm
	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
VIII.	The Digestive System
	Structure of alimentary tract and accessory organs of digestion
	Alterations in disease
,	Applications and implications in nursing
IX.	The Excretory System (Urinary)
	<ul> <li>Structure of organs of urinary System: Kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>

	The Endocrine System
	• Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas, thyroid, Parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands
	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
XI.	The Reproductive system
	• Structure of female reproductive organs.
	Structure of male reproductive organs.
	Structure of breast
	Alteration in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing

# **Physiology**

**Placements :** First year Time : Theory - 60 hrs.

**Course Description :** The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Content
I.	Cell Physiology
	Tissue-formation-repair
	Membranes & glands – functions
	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
II.	Skeletal System
	Bone formation & Growth
	Bones – Functions and movements of axial and appendicular skeleton, bone healing
	Joints and joint movement
	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
III.	Muscular System
	Muscle movements, Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle contraction, levels and
	maintenance of posture
	Alterations in disease
	Applications and implications in nursing
IV.	Nervous System
	Functions of Neurolgia & neurons
	Stimulus & nerve-impulse-definitions and mechanism
	Functions of brain, spinal cord, renal and spinal nerves
	Cerebrospinal fluid-composition, circulation and function
	Reflex arc, Reflex action and reflexes
	Autonomic Functions
	☐ Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred
	☐ Autonomic learning and biofeedback

	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
V.	Circulatory System		
	<ul> <li>Blood formation, composition, blood groups, blood coagulation</li> </ul>		
	Hemoglobin: Structure, synthesis and breakdown, Variation of molecules,		
	estimation		
	Functions of Heart, Conduction, Cardiac cycle, circulation - Principles, Control,		
	factors influencing BP and Pulse		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
VI.	The Respiratory System		
	Functions of respiratory organs		
	Physiology of respiration		
	Pulmonary ventilation, Volume		
	Mechanics of respiration		
	Gaseous exchange in lungs		
	Carriage of oxygen & carbon-dioxide		
	Exchange of gases in tissues		
	Regulation of respiration		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
VII	The Digestive system		
	• Functions of organs of digestive tract. Movements of alimentary tract, Digestion in		
	mouth, stomach, small intestines, Large intestines, Absorption of food. Functions of		
	liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
	Metabolism of carbohydrates. Protein and fat		
VIII.	The Excretory System		
7	Functions of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder & urethra		
	Composition of urine		
	Mechanism of urine formation		
	• Functions of skin as excretory organ		
	Regulation of body temperature		
	Fluid and electrolyte balance.		

	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
IX	The Sensory Organs		
	• Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue.		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
X.	The Endocrine System		
	• Functions of Pituitary, pineal body, thymus, Thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas,		
	Suprarenal, Placenta and ovaries & Testes		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
XI.	The Reproductive System		
	Reproduction of cells–DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, spermatogenesis, oogenesis.		
	• Functions of female reproductive organs; Functions of breast, female sexual cycle.		
	• Functions of male reproductive organs, male functions in reproduction, male fertility		
	system.		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
XII.	Lymphatic and Immunological System		
	Circulation of lymph		
	• Immunity		
	☐ Formation of T-cells and B cells		
	☐ Types of immune response		
	Antigens		
	Cytokines		
	Antibodies		

# Nutrition

**Placements :** First year Time : Practical - 60 hrs.

**Course Description :** The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition of maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing

Unit	Content	
I.	Introduction	
	Nutrition:	
	☐ History	
	□ Concepts	
	Role of nutrition in maintaining health	
	Nutritional problems in India	
	National nutritional policy	
	• Factors affecting food and nutrition: socio-economic, cultural, tradition, production,	
	system of distribution, life style and food habits etc. including changes caused by	
	agriculture, overgrazing, fertilizer pesticide problems, water logging and salinity.	
	Role of food and its medicinal value	
	Classification of foods,	
	Food standards	
	Elements of nutrition: macro and micro	
	Calorie, BMR	
II.	Carbohydrates	
	Classification	
	Caloric value	
	Recommended daily allowances	
	Dietary sources	
	Functions	
	Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of carbohydrates	
	Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption	
III.	Fats	
	• Classification	
	Caloric Value	
	Recommended daily allowances	

	Dietary sources
	• Functions' Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism
	Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption
IV.	Proteins
	• Classification
	Caloric Value
	Recommended daily allowances
	Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage
	Malnutrition : Deficiencies and over consumption
V.	Emergency
	Unit of Energy – Kcal
	Energy requirements of different categories of people
	Measurements of energy
	Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism
	Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors affecting
VI.	Vitamins
	• Classification
	Recommended daily allowances
	Dietary sources
	• Functions
	Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion
	• Deficiencies
	Hyper Vitaminosis
VII.	Minerals
	• Classification
	Recommended daily allowances
	Dietary sources
1	Functions
	Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion
	• Deficiencies
	Over consumption and toxicity

VIII.	Water & Electrolytes
	Water: Daily requirements, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body
	water.
	Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids
	Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance
	Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication
	Electrolyte imbalances
IX.	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients
	Principles, methods of cooking and serving
	☐ Preservation of nutrients
	Safe food handling – toxicity
	Storage of food
	Food preservation, food additives and its principles
	Prevention of food adulteration Act (PFA)
	Food standards
	Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food allowance
	•
X	Balance Diet
	• Elements
	Food Groups
	Recommended daily allowance
	Nutritive value of foods
	Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people
	Planning menu
	Budgeting of food
	Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy – Diet
XI	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes
	World Food Problems
	National programmes related to nutrition
	☐ Vitamin A deficiency programme
	☐ National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme

- □ Mid-day meal programme
   □ Integrated child development scheme (ICDS)
   National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition
   □ NIPCCD, CARE, FAQ, NIN, CFTRI (Central food technology and research institute) etc.
   Assessment of nutritional status
   Nutrition education and role of nurse

# **Biochemistry**

**Placements :** First year Time : Practical - 30 hrs.

**Course Description :** The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Unit	Content
I.	Introduction
	Definition and significances in nursing
	Review of structure, composition and functions of cell
	Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell organization
	• Microscopy
II.	Structure and functions of cell membrane
	Fluid mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton
	Transport mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active channel, sodium pump
	Acid base balance-maintenance & diagnostic test
	☐ PH buffers
III.	Composition and metabolism of Carbohydrates
	Types, structure, composition and uses
	☐ Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, Oligosaccharides
	Metabolism
	☐ Pathways of glucose :
	Glycolysis
	- Gluconeogenesis : Cori's cycle, Tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle
	- Glycogenolysis
	- Pentose phosphate pathways (Hexose mono phosphate)
	☐ Regulation of blood glucose level
	- Investigations and their interpretations
IV.	Composition and metabolism of Lipids
	• Types, structure, composition and uses of fatty acids
	☐ Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins
	Metabolism of fatty acid

		□ Breakdown
		☐ Synthesis
	•	Metabolism of triacylglycerols
	•	Cholesterol metabolism
		- Biosynthesis and its Regulation
		- Blle Salts and billubin
		- Vitamin D
		- Steroid hormones
	•	Lipoproteins and their functions:
		□ VLDLs-IDLs, LDLs and HDLs
		☐ Transport of lipids
		☐ Atherosclerosis
	Inves	tigations and their interpretations
V.	Com	position and metabolism of Amino acids and Proteins
	•	Types, structure, composition and uses of Amino acids and proteins
	•	Metabolism of Amino acids and proteins
		☐ Protein synthesis, targeting and glycosylation
		□ Chromatography
		□ Electrophoresis
		□ Sequencing
	•	Metabolism of mtrogen
		□ Electrophoresis
		Sequencing
	•	Metabolism of Nitrogen
	4	Fixation and Assimilation
	0	Urea Cycle
		Hemes and Chlorophylls
		Enzymes and co-enzymes
<b>y</b>		☐ Classification
		□ Properties
		☐ Kinetics and inhibition
ı		□ Control
	Inves	tigations and their Interpretations

VI.	Composition of Vitamins and minerals
	Vitamins and minerals:
	□ Structure
	☐ Classification
	□ Properties
	☐ Absorption
	☐ Storage & transportation
	□ Normal concentration
	Investigations and their interpretations
VII.	Immune chemistry
	• Immune response,
	Structure and classification of immunoglobins
	Mechanism of antibody production
	Antigens: HLA typing.
	Free radical and antioxidants
	Specialised protein: Collagen, Elastin, Karatin, Myosin, Lens Protein.
	Electrophoretic and Quantitative determination of immunoglobins – ELISA etc.
	Investigations and their Interpretations

### **Nursing Foundations**

**Placements:** First year Time: Theory - 265 hrs.

Practical – 650

(200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, Objectives, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

Unit		Content
I.	Introduction	
	• Conce	ept of Health: Health-Illness continuum
	• Factor	rs influencing health
	• Cause	es and risk factors for developing illness
	• Body	defenses: Immunity and immunization
	• Illness	s and illness Behaviour:
	• Impac	et of illness on patient and family
	• Health	n Care Services: Health Promotion and Prevention, Primary Care, Diagnosis,
	Treat	ment, Rehabilitation and Continuing Care
	• Health	n Care teams
	• Types	of health care agencies:
	• Hospi	tals: Types, Organisation and Functions
	• Health	n Promotion and levels of Disease Prevention
	• Prima	ry Health care and its delivery: role of nurse
II.	Nursing as a	Profession
	• Defin	ition and Characteristics of a profession
	Nursi	ng:
		Definition, Concepts, Philosophy, Objectives
<b>\</b>		Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice
		Functions of nurse
		Qualities of a nurse
		Categories of nursing personnel
		Nursing as a profession

			History of Nursing in India
	•	Values:	Definition, Types
	Value	es Clarifi	cation and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy
	•	Ethics:	
			Definition and Ethical principles
			Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses
III.	Hosp	ital adm	ission and discharge
	•	Admiss	ion to the hospital
			Unit and its preparation admission bed
			Admission procedure
			Special considerations
			Medico-legal issues
			Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse
	•	Dischar	ge from the hospital
			Types: Planned discharge LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfer
			Discharge Planning
			Discharge procedure
			Special considerations
			Medico-legal issues
			Role and Responsibilities of the nurse
			Care of the unit after discharge
IV.	Comi	municat	ion and Nurse patient relationship
	•	Commi	unication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors influencing
		Commu	inication
	~		Methods of Effective Communication,
	Q	<b>Y</b>	- Attending skills
		•	- Rapport building skills
			- Empathy skills
<b>y</b>			Barriers to effective communication,
	•	Helping	Relationship (NPR): Dimensions of Helping Relationship, Phases of a
		helping	relationship
	•	Commu	inicating effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain
		effectiv	e human relations with special reference to communicating with vulnerable

		group (children, woman, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)
	•	Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes, Process, role of nurse and integrating
		teaching in nursing process.
V	The N	ursing Process
	Critica	al thinking and Nursing Judgment
		Critical Thinking: Thinking and Learning,
		Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in
		Nursing
	Nursi	ng Process Overview: Application in Practice
		Nursing Process format: INC, current format
		Assessment
		- Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods
		- Formulating nursing judgment: Data Interpretation
		Nursing diagnosis
		- Identification of client problems
		- Nursing diagnosis statement
		- Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis
		Planning
		- Establishing Priorities
		- Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes,
		- Selection of intervention: Protocols and standing orders
		- Writing the nursing care plan
		Implementation
		Implementing the plan of care
		Evaluation
		- Outcome of care
		- Review and Modification
1		Documentation and Reporting
VII 🗡	Docur	nentation and Reporting
	•	Documentation: Purpose of Recording and reporting
	•	Communication within the Health Care Team,
	•	Types of records; ward records medical/nursing records,
	•	Common record-keeping forms, Computerized documentation

	•	Guide	lines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness Currentness,
		Organ	nizaiton, confidentiality
	•	Metho	ds, confidentiality
	•	Metho	ds of Recording,
	•	Repor	ting: Transfer reports, Incident reports
	•	Minim	nizing legal Liability through effective record keeping
VII	Vital	signs	
	•	Guide	lines for taking vital signs:
	•	Body	temperature:
			Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature,
			Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipments and technique, special
			considerations
			Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia, Heatstrocke, Hypothermia
			Hot and cold applications
	•	<b>Pulse:</b>	
			Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the pulse, Factors affecting
			pulse
			Assessment of pulse: sites, location, equipments and technique, special
			considerations
			Alterations in Pulse
	•	Respi	ration:
			Physiology and Regulations, mechanics of Breathing Characteristics of the
			respiration, Factors affecting respiration
			Assessment of respirations: technique, special considerations
		中	Alterations in respiration
	*	Blood	pressure:
			Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the blood pressure, Factors
			affecting blood pressure
<b>y</b>			Assessment of blood pressure: sites, equipments and technique, special
			considerations
			Alterations in blood pressure
	•	Recor	ding of vital signs

VIII	Healt	h Assessment
	•	Purposes
	•	Process Health assessment
		☐ Health history
		☐ Physical examination:
		- Methods-Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction
		- Preparation for examination: patient and unit
		- General assessment
		- Assessment of each body system
		- Recording of health assessment
IX	Mach	inery, Equipment and linen
	•	Types: Disposables and reusable – Lines, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics,
		furniture, machinery
	•	Introduction:
		□ Indent
		□ Maintenance
		□ Inventory
X	Meeti	ng needs of patient
	•	Basic needs (Activities of daily living)
		☐ Providing safe and clean environment:
		- Physical – environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation,
		light, Odour, pests control
		- Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents
		- Safety devices' Restraints, side rails, airways, trapez etc
		- Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment
		Hygiene:
		- Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice
		- Hygienic Care: Care of the Skin-Bath and Pressure points, feet and
<b>y</b>		nail, Oral cavity, Hair Care, Eyes, Ears, and Nose
		o Assessment, Principles, Types, Equipments, procedure,
		Special considerations
		- Patient environment: Room Equipment and linen, making patient
		1 1

	- Types of beds and bed making
	Comfort:-
	- Factors Influencing Comfort
	- Comfort devices
• Physiolog	gical needs:
	Sleep and Rest:
	- Physiology of sleep
	- Factors affecting sleep
	- Promoting Rest and sleep
	- Sleep Disorders
	Nutrition:-
	- Importance
	- Factors affecting nutritional needs
	- Assessment of nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure
	and special considerations
	o Oral
	<ul> <li>Enteral: Naso/Orogastric, gastrostomy</li> </ul>
	Urinary Elimination
	- Review of Physiology of Urinary Elimination, Composition and
	characteristics of urine
	- Factors Influencing urination
	Alteration in Urinary Elimination
	- Types and Collection of urine specimen:
	- Observation, urine testing
	- Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments,
	procedures and special considerations
	<ul> <li>Providing urinal/bed pan</li> </ul>
N y	<ul> <li>Condom drainage</li> </ul>
<b>&gt;</b>	o Perineal care
	o Catheterizaion
	o Care of urinary drainage
	o Care of urinary diversions
	o Bladder irrigation

□ Bow	rel Elimination
_	Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and
	Characteristics of faeces
-	Factors affecting Bowel elimination
-	Alteration in Bowel elimination
-	Types and collection of specimen of faeces: Observation
-	Facilitating bowel elimination: assessment, equipments, procedure
	and special considerations
	o Passing of Flatus tube
	o Enemas
	o Supporsitory
	o Sitz bath
	o Bowel wash
	o Care of Ostomies
☐ Mobil	ity and Immobility
-	Principles of Body Mechanics
-	Maintenance of normal body Alignment and mobility
-	Factors affecting body Alignment and mobility
-	Hazard associated with immobility
-	Alteration in body Alignment and mobility
	Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility:
	assessment, types, devices used, method and special considerations,
	rehabilitation aspects
	<ul> <li>Range of motion exercises</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Maintaining body alignment: Positions</li> </ul>
QY	o Moving
	o Lifting
	o Transferring
	o Walking
	o Restraints
□ Oxyge	enation
-	Review of Cardiovascular and respiratory Physiology
-	Factors Affecting Oxygenation

Alterations in oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used, procedure and special considerations Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suction Inhalations: dry and moist Chest physiotherapy and postural drainage Care of chest drainage Pulse oximetry CPR – Basic life support Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid Base Balances ☐ Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid, Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid- Base Balances Alterations in Fluid, Electrolyte – Base Balances Nursing interventions in Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid Base Imbalances: assessment, types, equipment, procedure and special considerations Measuring fluid intake and output Correcting fluid, Electrolyte Imbalance: Replacement of Fluids: Oral and Parenteral- Venipuncture, regulating IV flow rates, changing IV solutions and tubing Changing IV dressing, Administering Blood transfusion Restriction of fluids Psychosocial Needs ☐ Concepts of Cultural Diversity, stress and Adaptation, Self-concept, Sexuality, Spiritual Health, coping with loss, death and grieving ☐ Assessment of psychosocial needs ☐ Nursing interventions for psychosocial needs Assist with coping an adaptation

			- Creating therapeutic environment
			Recreational and diversional therapies
XI	Infecti	ion con	trol in Clinical settings
	•	Infecti	on Control
			Nature of infection
			Chain of infection transmission
			Defenses against infection: natural and acquired
			Hospital acquired infection (Nosocomial infection)
	•	Conce	pt of asepsis: medical asepsis, and surgical asepsis
	•	Isolati	on precaution (Barrier nursing):
			Hand washing: simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub)
			Isolation: source and protective
			Personal protecting equipments: types, uses and technique of wearing
			and removing
			Decontamination of equipment and unit
			Transportation of infected patients
			Standard safety precautions (Universal Precautions)
			Transmission based precautions
	•	Biome	edical waste management:
			] Importance
			Types of hospital waste
			Hazards associated with hospital waste
		<b>–</b>	Decontamination hospital waste
			Segregation and Transportation of disposal
XII	Admir	istrati	on of Medications
		Genera	al Principles/Considerations
			Purposes of Medication
			Principles: 5 rights, Special Considerations, Prescriptions, Safety in
			Administering Medications and Medication Errors
			Drug forms
			Routes of administration
			Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility
			Broad classification of drug

			Therapeutic Effect, Side Effects, Toxic Effects, Idiosyncratic Reactions,
			Allergic Reactions, Drug Tolerance, Drug Interactions,
			Factors Influencing drug Actions,
			Measurement: Metric System, Apothecary System, Household
			Measurements, solutions.
			Converting Measurements Units: Conversion within one system,
			Conversion between systems, Dosage Calculation,
			Terminologies and abbreviation used in prescriptions of medications
	•	Oral D	Orugs Administration: Oral, Sublingual and Buccal: Equipment, procedure
	•	Parent	teral
			General principles: decontamination and disposal of syringes and needles
			Types of parenteral therapies
			Types of syringes, needles, canula, and infusion sets
			Protection from Needle stick Injuries: Giving Medications with a safety
			syringes
			Routes of parenteral therapies
			- Intradermal: procedure, special considerations
			- Subcutaneous purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special
			considerations
			- Intramuscular : purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special
			Considerations
			Advanced techniques: Epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous,
			intraperitonial, intraplural, intraarterial-Role of nurse
	•	Topic	al Administration: Purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special
	<b>*</b>	consi	derations for
	Q)	Ø	Application to Skin
			Application to mucous membrane
			- Direct application of liquids-gargle and swabbing the throat
<b>y</b>			- Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/medicated packing
			in rectum/vagina
			- Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal
			- Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal
			- Spraying: Nose and throat

	- Inhalation, Nasal, oral endotracheal/tracheal (steam oxygen and	
	medications) - purposes, type, equipment, procedure, special	
	considerations	
	- Recording and reporting of medications administered	
XIII	Meeting needs of Preoperative patients	
	Definitions and concept of preoperative Nursing	
	Preoperative Phase	
	☐ Preparation of patient for surgery	
	• Intraoperative	
	☐ Operation theatre Set up and environment	
	☐ Role of nurse	
	☐ Postoperative phase	
	☐ Recovery unit	
	☐ Post operative unit	
	☐ Postoperative care	
	• Wounds: types, Classification, wound Healing Process, Factors affecting Wound,	
	Complications of Wound Healing	
	• Surgical asepsis	
	• Care of the wound: types, equipments, procedure and special considerations	
	☐ Dressings, Suture Care,	
	☐ Care of Drainage	
	☐ Application of Bandages, Binders, Splints & Slings	
	☐ Heat and cold Therapy	
XIV	Meeting special needs of the patient	
	• Care of patients having alteration in –	
	☐ Temperature (hyper and hypothermia); Types, Assessment, Management	
	☐ Sensorium (Unconsciousness); Assessment, Management	
	☐ Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence); Assessment, management	t
<b>y</b>	☐ Functioning of sensory organs; (Visual & hearing impairment)	
	☐ Assessment of Self-Care ability	
	☐ Communication methods and special considerations	
	☐ Mobility (physically challenged, cast), assessment of Self-Care ability:	
	Communication methods and special considerations	

☐ Mental state (mentally challenged), assessment of Self-Care ability;
☐ Communication methods and special considerations:
☐ Respiration (distress); Types, Assessment, management
☐ Comfort – (Pain)-Nature, Types, factors influencing Pain, Coping,
Assessment, Management;
☐ Treatments related to gastrointestinal system: nasogastric suction, gastric 🖒
irrigation, gastric analysis
Care of Terminally ill patient
☐ Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process
☐ Signs of clinical death
☐ Care of dying patient: special considerations
-Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donation etc
☐ Medico legal issues
☐ Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of unit
□ Autopsy
☐ Embalming
Professional Nursing concepts and practices
Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice: Introduction to models
holistic model, health belief model, health promotion model etc
• Introduction to theories in Nursing; Peplau's, Henderson's Orem's, Neuman's,
Roger's and Roy's  Linking theories with nursing process
Linking theories with nursing process

### **Nursing Foundation – Practical**

**Placements :** First year Time : Practical - 650 hrs.

(200 lab and 450 clinical)

**Course Description:** The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Clinical Area: Demonstration Lab, General Medical and surgery ward

Unit	Skills to be developed
I	Hospital Admission and discharge
	Admission
	Prepare unit for new patient
	Prepare admission bed
	Performs admission procedure
	☐ New patient
	☐ Transfer in
	Prepare patient records
	Discharge/Transfer out
	Gives discharges counseling
	Perform discharge procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and
	transfer)
	Prepare records of discharge/transfer
	Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge/transfer
	Perform Assessment
	History taking, Nursing diagnosis, problem list, prioritization, Goals & Expected
	Outcomes, selection of interventions
	Write nursing care plan
	Gives care as per the plan
	Communication
	Use verbal and non verbal communication techniques
	Prepare a plan for patient teaching session

#### Write patient report

- Change shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports etc.
- Presents patient report

#### Vital signs

• Measure, Records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse respiration and blood pressure

#### **Heath Assessment**

- Health history taking
- Perform assessment:
  - ☐ General
  - ☐ Body systems
- Use various methods of physical examination
- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction
- Identification of system wise deviations

#### **Prepare Patient's Unit:**

- Prepare beds:
  - ☐ Open, closed, occupied, operation, amputation
  - ☐ Cardiac, fracture, burn, Divided, Fowlers, renal bed
- Pain assessment and provision for comfort

#### Use comfort devices Hygienic care:

- Oral hygiene:
- Baths and care of pressure points
- Hair wash, Pediculosis treatment

#### **Feeding:**

- Oral, Enteral, Naso/orogastric, gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding
- Naso-gastric insertion, suction, and irrigation

#### Assisting patient in urinary elimination

- Provides urinal/bed pan
- Condom drainage
- Perineal care
- Catheterization
- Care of urinary drainage

#### **Bladder irrigation Assisting bowel Elimination:**

	• Inse	ertion of Flatus tube
	• Ene	mas
	• Inse	ertion of Suppository
	Bowel wa	ash
	Body Ali	gnment and Mobility:
		Range of motion exercises
		Positioning: Recumbent, Lateral (rt/lt), Fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy, Prone,
		Trendelenburg position
		Assist patient in Moving, lifting, transferring, walking
		Restraints
	Oxygen ac	dministration
	CPR – Ba Blood and Collect/as	hest drainage sic life support intravenouse therapy I blood component therapy sist for collection of specimens for investigations: Urine, sputum, faeces, blood and other body fluids ab tests:
		ine: sugar, albumin, acetone
		pod: sugar (with strip/gluco-meter)
		cold application:
		general sitz bath
		icating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patient
		nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patients
	,	onal and diversional therapies
	\ \	patient with alteration in sensorium
	Infection	
	Per	rform following procedures:
		Hand washing techniques
<b>y</b>		Simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub)
		Practice technique of wearing and removing personal protective
		equipment (PPE)
	1	

	☐ Practice Standard safety precautions precautions (Universal precautions)
De	econtamination of equipment and unit:
•	Surgical asepsis:
	☐ Sterilization
	☐ Handling sterilized equipment
	☐ Calculate strengths of lotions,
	☐ Prepare lotions
•	Care of articles
Pr	re and post operative care:
•	Skin preparations of surgery: Local
•	Preparation of post operative unit
•	Pre & post operative teaching and counseling
•	Pre and post operative monitoring
•	Care of the wound:
•	Dressings, suture Care, care of Drainage, Application of Bandages, Binders,
	Splints & Slings
•	Bandaging of various body parts
Ad	dministration medications
•	Administer Medications in different forms and routes
•	Oral, Sublingual and Buccal
•	Parenteral: Intradermal, subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc.
•	Assist with Intra Venous medications
•	Drug measurements and dose calculations
•	Preparation of lotions and solutions
•	Administers topical applications
	Insertion of drug into body cavity: Suppository & medicated packing etc.
	Instillation of medicines and spray into Ear, Eye, Nose and throat
	Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vagina and Rectum
•	Inhalations: dry and moist
Ca	are of dying patient
•	Caring and packing of dead body
•	Counseling and supporting grieving relatives
•	Terminal care of the unit

### **Psychology**

**Placements :** First year Time : Theory - 60 hrs.

**Course Description:** The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundamentals of psychology and develop an insight into behaviour of self and others, Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Unit	Content
I	Introduction
	History and origin of science of psychology
	Definitions & Scope of Psychology
	Relevance to nursing
	Methods of Psychology
II	Biology of behaviour
	<ul> <li>Body mind relationship modulation process in health and illness</li> <li>Genetics and behaviour: Heredity and environment' Brain and behaviour: Nervous system, Neurons and synapse,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Association with cortex, Rt and Lt Hemispheres</li> <li>Psychology of Sensations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour</li> <li>Nature of behaviour of an organism/Integrated response</li> </ul>
III	Cognitive processes
	Attention: Types, determinants, Duration & degree, alterations
	Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors affecting, Errors,
	• Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, factors influencing, laws and theories,
	process, transfer, study habits
	Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature, factors influencing, Development Theories and
	methods of memorizing and Forgetting
,	Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and
1	communication
	Intelligence: Meaning, classification, uses, theories
	Aptitude: Concept, types Individual differences and variability
	Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes
	Alterations in cognitive processes
	<ul> <li>Applications</li> </ul>

IV	Motivation and Emotional Processes
	• Motivation: Meaning, concepts, Types, Theories, Motives and behaviour, Conflicts
	and frustration, conflict resolution
	Emotions & stress
	☐ Emotion: Definition, components, Changes in emotions, theories, emotional
	adjustments, emotions in health and illness
	☐ Stress: stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation & coping
	Attitude: Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting,
	☐ Behaviour and attitudes
	☐ Attitudinal change
	Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes
	Alterations in emotions
	Application
V	Personality
	Definitions, topography, types, theories
	Psychometric assessments of personality
	Alterations in personality
	• Applications
VI	Development Psychology
	Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age
	Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, woken, sick, etc.
	Psychology of groups
VII	<ul> <li>Metal hygiene and mental Health</li> <li>Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health</li> <li>Characteristics of mentally healthy person</li> <li>Warning signs of poor mental health</li> <li>Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services</li> <li>Ego Defense mechanisms and implications</li> <li>Personal and social adjustments</li> <li>Guidance and counseling</li> <li>Role of nurse</li> </ul>
VIII ′	Psychological assessment & tests
	Types, development, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations and role of
	nurse in psychological assessment

### **Microbiology**

**Placements:** First year Time: Theory - 60 hrs. (Theory 45+15 lab)

**Course Description:** This Course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of microbiology and identification various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunity for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit	Content
I.	Introduction:
	Importance and relevance to nursing
	Historical perspective
	Concepts and terminology
	Principles of microbiology
II.	General characteristics of Microbes
	Structure and classification of microbes
	Morphological types
	Size and forms of bacteria
	• Motility
	• Colonization
	Growth and nutrition of microbes
	☐ Temperature
	☐ Moisture
	☐ Blood and body fluids
	Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms
	Staining techniques, Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Hanging drop preparation
	Culture; various medias
III	Infection Control
	Infection: Sources, portals of entry and exit, transmission
	<ul><li>Asepsis</li><li>Disinfections; Types and methods</li></ul>
	Sterilization; types and methods
	Chemotherapy and antibiotics
	Standard safety measures
	<ul> <li>Biomedical waste management</li> <li>Role of Nurse</li> </ul>

	• Hos	spital acquired infection
	• Hos	spital infection control programme
		Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of report and status of rate of
		infection in the unit/hospital, nurse's accountability, continuing education etc.
IV	Pathogen	ic organisms
	• Mic	ero-organism C
		Cocci-gram positive and gram negative
		Bacilli-gram positive and gram negative
		Spirochete
		Mycoplasma
		Rickettsiae
		Chalmydiae
	• Vir	uses
	• Fun	ngi-Superficial and Deep mycoses
	• Par	asites
	• Roo	dents & vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection
	Ide	ntification of disease Producing micro-organisms
	Col	llection, handling and transportation of various specimens
V	Immunity  • Imr	y munity – Types, classification
		tigen and antibody reaction
		persensitivity – kin test
	• Ser	ological test
	• Im	nunoprophylaxis
	• Vac	cines & sera-Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain
	Imr	nunization for various disease
	Imr	nunization Schedule

# **Introduction to Computer**

**Placements :** First year Time : Theory – 45 Hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

Unit	Content
I.	Introduction:
	Concepts of computers
	Hardware and software; trends and technology
	Application of computer in nursing
II	Introduction to disk operating system
	□ DOS
	☐ Windows (all version)
	Introduction
	☐ MS-Word
	☐ MS-Excel with pictorial presentation
	☐ MS-Access
	☐ MS-Power Point
III	Multimedia; types & uses
	Computer aided teaching & testing
IV	Use of Internet and: e-mail
V	Statistical packages: Types and their features
VI	Hospital Management system: Types and uses

## **Sociology**

**Placements :** Second year Time : Theory – 60 Hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Content			
I.	Introduction:			
1 hrs.	Definition of Sociology			
	Nature and Scope of the discipline			
	Importance and application of Sociology in Nursing			
II.	Individual & Society			
3 hrs.	Social and community			
	Nature of Society			
	Difference between Society and community			
	Process of Socialization and individualization			
	Personal disorganization			
III.	Culture			
3 hrs.	Nature of culture			
	Evolution of culture			
	Diversity and uniformity of culture			
	Biodiversity and its conservation			
	Definition-definition, species and ecosystem diversity			
	Biogeographical classification of India			
	Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social ethical,			
	aesthetic and option values			
	☐ Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, hotspots			
	☐ Threats: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife,man-wildlife conflicts			
	☐ Endangered and endemic species of India			
	☐ Conservation of Biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of			
	biodiversity.			
	Culture and socialization			
	Transcultural society			

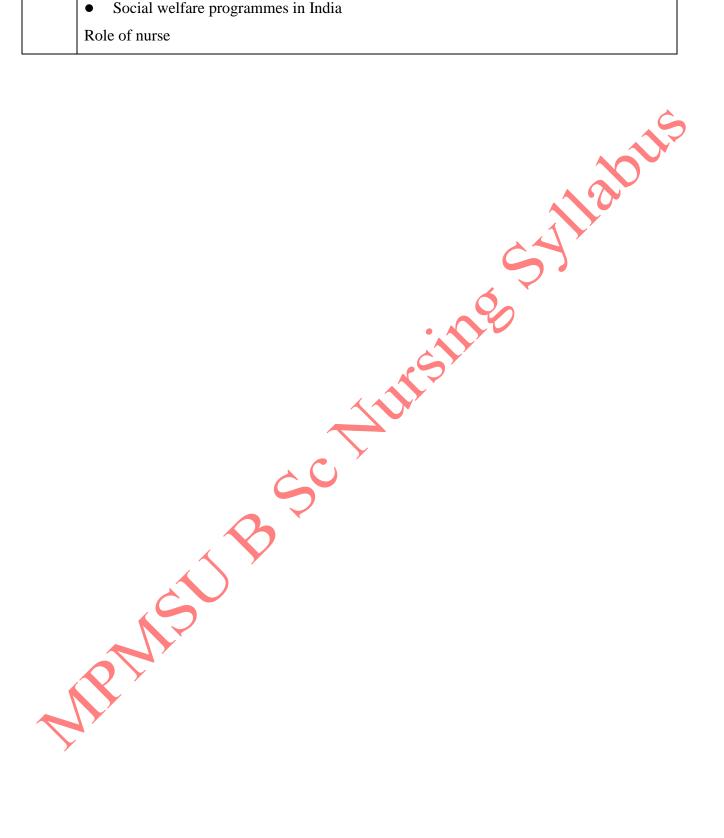
	Influence on health and disease		
IV.	Social groups and Processes		
4 hrs.	The meaning and classification of groups		
	Primary & Secondary group		
	• In-group V/s. Out-group, class Tribe, Caste		
	• Economic, Political, Religious groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and audience Interaction		
	& Social Processes		
	Co-Operation, Competition, Conflict		
	Accommodation, Assimilation & Isolation		
V.	Population		
6 hrs	Society and population		
	Population distribution in India. Demographic Characteristics		
	Malthusian theory of Populations		
	Population explosion in India and its impact on health status		
	Family welfare programme		
VI.	Family and Marriage		
5 hrs.	Family –functions		
	Types-joint, Nuclear, Blended and extended family:		
	The modern Family-Changes, Problems-Dowry etc., Welfare Services		
	Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India-marriage acts		
	Marriage: Forms and functions of marriage,		
	Marriage and family problems in India		
	Family, marriage and their influence on health and health practices		
VII.	Social Stratification		
7 hrs	Meaning & types of social stratification		
	The Indian Caste System-origin & features		
\	Features of Caste in India today		
7	Social Class system and status		
,	Social Mobility-Meaning & Types		
	Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification		
	Salient features of Primary races-Racism		
	Influence of Class, Caste and Race on health and health practices		
VIII	Types of Communities in India (Rural, Urban and Regional)		

6 hrs	Features of village community & Characteristics of Indian villages-Panchayat		
	system, social dynamics		
	Community Development project & Planning		
	Changes in Indian Rural life		
	Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practice		
	Urban-Community – features		
	The growth of cities: Urbanization and its impact on health and health practices		
	Major Urban problems – Urban slums, Energy problem, water problem		
	Environmental pollution: cause effect, control and prevention.		
	Region: Problems and impact on Health		
IX	Social Change		
4 hrs	Nature and process of social change		
	Factors influencing social change: cultural change, cultural lag.		
	Introduction to Theories of social change: Linear, Cyclical, Marxian, Functional		
	Resentment and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concern		
	Role of nurse-Change agents		
X	Social organization and social system		
4 hrs	Social organiation: elements, types		
	Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation		
	Voluntary associations		
	Social system: definition and Types of social system		
	Role and status as structural elements of social system		
	Inter-relationship of institution		
XI	Social Control		
2 hrs	Nature and process of social control		
	Political, legal, Religious, Educational, Economic, Industrial and technological		
	systems, Norms & Values-folkways & Mores customs, Laws and fashion		
7	Role of nurse		
XII	Social Problem		
15 hrs	Social disorganization		
	• Control & Planning: poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights of		
	women & children, vulnerable groups: Elderly, handicapped, minority groups and		
	other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime,		

substance abuse, HIV/AIDS.

Social welfare programmes in India

Role of nurse



## **Pharmacology**

**Placements :** Second year Time : Theory – 45 Hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of pharmacodynamics, pharmacoknetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Content		
Ι	Introduction to pharmacology		
3 hrs.	• Definitions		
	• Sources		
	Terminology used		
	Types: Classification		
	Pharmacodynamics : Actions, therapeutic.		
	Adverse, toxic		
	Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, excretion		
	Review: Routes and principles of administration of drugs		
	Indian pharmacopoeia: Legal issues		
	Rational use of drug		
	Principles of therapeutics		
II.	Chemotherapy		
	Pharmacology of commonly used:		
6 hrs.			
	□ Cephlosporms		
	Aminoglycosides		
	Macrolide & Brord Spectrum Antibiotics		
	Sulfonamides		
	☐ Quinolones		
	☐ Antiamoebic		
·	☐ Antimalarials		
	☐ Anthelmintics		
	☐ Antiscabies agents		
	☐ Antiviral & Anti-fungal agents		
	☐ Antitubercular durgs		

	☐ Anti leprosy drugs
	☐ Anticancer drugs
	Immuno-suppressants  Composition, actions, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drugs interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
***	
III	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides
2 hrs.	Antiseptics; Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug
	interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
	• Disinfectants
	• Insecticides
IV	Drugs acting on G.I. system
2 hrs.	• Antiementics
	• Emetics
	• Purgatives
	• Antacids
	• Cholinergic
	• Anticholinergics
	Fluid and electrolyte therapy
	• Antidiarrhoeals
	• Histamines
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
V	Drugs used on Respiratory Systems
2 hrs.	Pharmacology of commonly used —
	☐ Antiasthmatics
	Muxoltrixa
	☐ Decongestants
	☐ Expectorants
Y	☐ Expectorants
	☐ Antitussives
	☐ Bronchodilators
	☐ Broncho constrictors
	☐ Antihistamines

	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
VI	Drugs used on urinary system
2 hrs.	Pharmacology of commonly used-
	☐ Diuretics and antidiuretics
	☐ Urinary antiseptics
	☐ Cholinergic and anticholinergics
	☐ Acidifiers and alkalinizes
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
VII	Miscellaneous
4 hrs.	Drugs used in de-addiction
	Drug used in CPR and emergency
	Vitamins and minerals
	• Immunosuppresants
	• Antidotes
	• Antivenom
	Vaccines and sera
VIII	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes
1 hrs.	Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity Antiprurities
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug
	interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
IX	Drugs acting on nervous system
8 hrs.	Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: Analgesics and Anaesthetics
	Analgesics
	- Non steroidal antinflammatory (NSAID) drugs  Antipyretics
	☐ Antipyretics ☐ Hypnotics and Sedatives
	- Opioids
	- Non-Opiodis
	- Tranquilizers
	- General & local anesthetics
	- Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide
	Cholinergic and anti-cholinergics:

	☐ Muscle relaxants
	☐ Major tranquilizers
	☐ Anti – psychotic
	☐ Antidepressants
	☐ Anticonvulsants
	☐ Adrenergics
	□ Noradregenics
	☐ Mood stabilizers
	☐ Acetylcoline
	☐ Stimulatns
	☐ Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug
	interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
X	Cardiovascular drugs
5 hrs.	Haematinics
	• Cardiotonics
	Anti anginals
	Anti-hypertensives & Vasodilators
	Anti-arrhythmics
	Plasma expanders
	Coagulants & anticoagulants
	Coagulants & anticoagulants
	Hypolipidemics
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
XI	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementations, contraception and medical
4 hrs.	termination of pregnancy Insulins & Oral hypoglycemics
	Thyroid supplements and suppressants
	Steroids, Anabolics
<b>y</b>	Uterine stimulants and relaxants
	Oral contraceptives
	Other estrogen-progesterone preparations
	Corticotrophin & Gonadotraopines
	1

	Adrenaline
	Prostaglandins     Calaitaning
	• Calcitonins
	• Calcium salts
	Calcium regulators
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
XII 6 hrs.	Introduction to Drugs use in alternative systems of medicine:  • Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc
	APMSUB SCHIRSTING

## **Pathology and Genetics**

#### **Section A- Pathology**

Placements: Second year

Time: Theory – 45 hours (Pathology 30 & Genetics 15 hrs)

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	Content		
Ι	• Introduction		
3 hrs.	☐ Importance of the study of pathology		
	☐ Definition of terms		
	☐ Methods and techniques		
	☐ Cellular and Tissue changes		
	☐ Infiltration and regeneration		
	☐ Inflammations and Infections		
	☐ Wound healing		
	☐ Vascular changes		
	Cellular growth, Neoplasm		
	☐ Normal and cancer cell		
	☐ Benign and Malignant growths		
	☐ In situ carcinoma		
	Disturbance of fluid and electrolyte imbalance		
II	Special pathology		
10hrs.	Pathological changes in disease conditions of various system:		
(T)	Respiratory tract		
5 hrs.	☐ Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion and pneumonia, Lung abscess,		
(P)	emphysema, bronchiectasis		
<b>&gt;</b>	☐ Bronchial asthama, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease & tumours		

	•	Cardi	io-vascular system
			Pericardial effusion
			Rheumatic heart disease
			Infective endocarditis, atherosclerosis
			Ischemia, infection & aneurysm
	•	Gastr	o Intestinal tract
			Peptic ulcer, typhoid
			Carcinoma of GI tract buccal, Esophageal,
			Gastric & intestinal
	•	Liver	, Gall bladder & pancreas
			Hepatitis, Chronic liver abscess, cirrhosis
			Tumours of liver, gall bladder and pancreas
			Cholecystitis
	•	Kidne	eys & urinary tract
			Glomerulonephritis, pyelonephritis
			Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma & cystitis
	•	Male	genital systems
			Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy
			Prostatic hyperplasia, carcinoma Penis & prostate
	•	Fema	le genital system
			Fibroids
			Carcinoma cervix and Endometrium
			Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma
			Ectopic gestation
		T	Ovarian cyst & tumour
	•	Cane	r Breast
	•	Centr	ral Nervous system
-			Hydrocephalus, meningitis, encephalitis,
			Vascular disorders – thrombosis, embolism
			Stroke, paraplegia, quadriplegia
			Tumours, meningiomas, gliomas

	•	Metastatic toumour
	•	Skeletal system
III	Clini	☐ Bone healing, osteoporosis, ostemyelitis Arthritis & tumours ical Pathology
111		<del>-</del>
		Various blood and bone marrow tests in assessment and monitoring of disease
		conditions
4 hrs.		☐ Hemoglobin
(T)		☐ RBC, White cell & platelet counts
		☐ Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombine time
3 hrs.		☐ Blood grouping and cross matching
(P)		□ Blood chemistry
		□ Blood culture
		☐ Serological and immunoligical tests
		☐ Other blood tests
		☐ Examination of Bone marrow
		☐ Methods of collection of blood specimen for various clinical pathology,
		biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal value
IV	Exar	nination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates
	•	The laboratories tests used in CSF analysis
2 hrs. (T)	•	Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates – sputum, wound
		discharge etc.
1 hrs.	•	Analysis of semen-sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in
(P)		infertility
	•	Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids specimen for various clinical
		pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values
V	Urin	e and faeces
1 hrs.	Q	Urine
(T)		☐ Physical characteristics
		☐ Analysis
1 hrs.	•	☐ Culture and sensitivity Faeces
(P)		☐ Characteristics
		☐ Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc.
	•	Methods of collection for various tests, inference and normal values

## **Section B- Genetics**

**Placements :** Second year Time : Theory – 15 Hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases.

Unit	Content			
Ι	Introduction			
3 hrs.	Practical application of genetics in Nursing			
	Impact of genetic conditions on families			
	Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis			
	Characteristics and structure of genes			
	Chromosomes – Sex determination			
	☐ Chromosomal aberrations patterns of inheritance			
	☐ Multiple allots and blood groups			
	☐ Sex linked inheritance			
	☐ Mechanism of inheritance			
	☐ Errors in transmission (Mutation)			
II	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and disease			
3 hrs.	Condition affecting the mother: genetic and infections			
	Consanguinity atopy			
	Prenatal nutrition and food allergies.			
	Maternal age			
	Maternal drug therapy			
	Prenatal testing and disgnosis			
	Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals			
	Spontaneous abortion			
	Neural tube defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks			
	Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)			
III	Genetic testing in the neonates and children			
2 hrs.	● Screening for  ☐ Congenital abnormalities			
	<ul><li>□ Developmental delay</li><li>□ Dimorphism</li></ul>			

IV	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults
2 hrs.	Cancer genetics – Familial cancer
	Inborn errors of metabolism hematological disorder
	Genetic haemochromatosis
	Huntington's disease
	Metal illness
V	Services related to Genetics
2 hrs.	Genetic testing
	Human genome project
	Gene therapy
	The Eugenics movement
	Genetic counseling
	Legal and Ethical issues
	Role of nurse
	CC Y

## Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – I

**Placements :** Second year Time : Theory - 210 hrs.

Practical - 720 hrs.

**Course Description:** The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Content				
I	Introduction:				
15	<ul> <li>Introduction to medical surgical nursing – Evolution and trends of medical and</li> </ul>				
hrs.	surgical nursing				
	• Review of Concepts of Health and illness, Disease – concepts, causations,				
	classification- International Classification of Diseases (ICD—10 or later version),				
	Acute illness chronic illness & Terminal illness, stages of illness				
	<ul> <li>Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions</li> </ul>				
	based on nursing process.				
	Role of nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient				
	Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical settings:				
	☐ Outpatient department				
	☐ In-patient unit				
	☐ Intensive care unit.				
	☐ Home and community setting				
	Introduction to medical surgical asepsis				
	☐ Inflammation and infection				
	☐ Immunity				
	Wound healing				
	Care of surgical patient				
1	☐ Pre-operative				
<b>&gt;</b>	☐ Intra operative				
	☐ Post operative				

II	Com	Common signs and symptoms and management			
15	•	Fluid and electrolyte imbalance			
hrs.	•	Vomiting			
	•	Dyspnea and cough, respiratory obstruction			
	•	Fever			
	•	Shock			
	•	Unconsciousness, syncope			
	•	Pain			
	•	Incontinence			
	•	Edema			
	•	Age related problems-geriatric			
III	Nurs	ing management of patients (adults including elderly) with respiratory problems			
20	•	Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system			
hrs.	•	Nursing assessment – History and Physical assessment			
	•	Etiology, Pathophysilogy, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities			
		and medical, surgical, dietetic & nursing management of adults including elderly			
		with –			
		☐ Upper Respiratory tract infections			
		□ Bronchitis			
		□ Asthma			
		□ Emphysema			
		☐ Atelectasis			
		☐ Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)			
		Bronchiectasis			
		Pneumonia			
	X	Pulmonary tuberculosis			
		☐ Lung abscess			
		☐ Pleural effusion			
		☐ Cysts and tumours			
		☐ Chest Injuries			
		☐ Respiratory arrest and insufficiency			
		□ Pulmonary embolism			

	Special therapies, alternative therapies				
	Nursing pr	rocedures			
	Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders				
IV	Nursing Management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive				
	system				
30	• Rev	iew of anatomy and physiology of digestive system			
hrs.	• Nurs	sing assessment-history and physical assessment			
	• Etio	logy, pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities			
	and	medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management			
	• Disc	orders of			
		Oral cavity-lips, gums tongue, salivary glands and teeth			
		Oesophague – inflammation, stricture, obstruction, bleeding and tumours			
		Stomach and deudenum hiatus hernia, gastritis, peptic and duodenal ulcer,			
		bleeding, tomours, pyloric stenosis.			
		Small intestinal disorders- inflammation and infection, enteritis,			
		malabsorption, obstruction, tumour and perforation			
		Large intestinal disorders-colitis, inflammation and infection, obstruction and			
		tumour and lump			
		Hernias			
		Appendix-inflammation, mass, abscess, rupture			
		Anal & Rectum; hemorrhoids, fissures, fistulas			
		Peritonitis/acute abdomen			
		Pancreas; inflammation, cyst, abscess and tumours			
		Liver; inflammation, cyst, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic			
		failure, tumours			
	<b>D</b>	Gall Bladder; inflammation, obstruction, stones and tumours			
	Special the	erapies, alternative therapies			
1	Nursing pr	rocedures			
Y	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system				

V	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with blood and cardio			
	vascı	ılar p	roblems	
30	•	Revi	ew of anatomy and physiology of blood and cardio vascular system,	
hrs.	•	Nurs	ing Assessment-History and physical assessment	
	•	Etiol	ogy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestation diagnosis, treatment modalities	
		and 1	medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of -	
	•	Vaso	cular system	
			Hypertension, hypotension	
			Artheriosclerosis	
			Raynaud's disease	
			Aneurism and peripheral Vascular disorders	
	Hear	t	So The second se	
	•	Coro	onary artery diseases	
			Ischemic Heart Disease	
			Coronary atherosclerosis	
			Angina pectoris	
			Myocaridal infarction	
	•	Valv	rular disorders of the heart	
			Congential and acquired	
			Rehumatic Heart disease	
	•	Endo	ocarditis, pericarditis, Myocaridtis	
	•	Card	io Myopathies	
	•	Card	iac dysrhythmias, Heart Block	
	•	Cong	gestive cardiac failure	
		P	Cor-pulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac temponade	
		Card	liac emergices and arrest	
		Card	io Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)	
	•	Bloo	d	
			Anaemias	
			Polycythemia	
			Bleeding disorders; clotting factor defects and platelets defects	
			Thalassemia	

		Leukaemias
		Leukopenias and agranulocytosis
		Lymphomas
		Myelomas
	• Spec	cial therapies
		Blood transfusion, safety checks, procedure and requirements, management of
		adverse transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion.
	• Mar	agement and counseling of blood donors, phlebotomy procedure, and post
	dona	ation management, blood bank functioning and hospital transfusion committee.
	Bio-	safety and waste management in relation to blood transfusion
		Role of a nurse in Organ donation, retrieval and banking
	Alternative	e therapies
	Nursing pr	rocedures
	Drugs used	d in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders
VI	Nursing n	nanagement of patient (adults including elderly) with genito-urinary
	problems	
10	■ Pov	iew of anatomy and physiology of genito-urinary system
	• Kev	lew of anatomy and physiology of genito-urmary system
hrs.		sing Assessment- History and Physical assessment
	• Nurs	
	<ul><li>Nur</li><li>Etio</li></ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment
	<ul><li>Nurse</li><li>Etio</li><li>and</li></ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	<ul><li>Nurse</li><li>Etio</li><li>and</li><li>Nep</li></ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of –
	<ul><li>Nurse</li><li>Etio</li><li>and</li><li>Nep</li><li>Nep</li></ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of – hritis
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etio</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> </ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of – hritis
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etionand</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> </ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etion</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Rep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> </ul>	sing Assessment- History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etion</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Rep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> </ul>	sing Assessment- History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etion</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> <li>Chro</li> </ul>	sing Assessment- History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus nours te renal failure
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etion</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> <li>Chro</li> <li>End</li> </ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus nours te renal failure onic renal failure
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etionand</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> <li>Chro</li> <li>End</li> <li>Dial</li> </ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus hours te renal failure onic renal failure stage renal disease
	<ul> <li>Nurse</li> <li>Etion and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> <li>Chro</li> <li>End</li> <li>Dial</li> <li>Con</li> </ul>	sing Assessment-History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus hours te renal failure onic renal failure stage renal disease ysis, renal transplant
	<ul> <li>Nur</li> <li>Etio</li> <li>and</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Nep</li> <li>Ren</li> <li>Tun</li> <li>Acu</li> <li>Chro</li> <li>End</li> <li>Dial</li> <li>Con</li> <li>Ben</li> </ul>	sing Assessment- History and Physical assessment logy, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — hritis hrotic syndrome hrosis al calculus nours te renal failure onic renal failure stage renal disease ysis, renal transplant genital disorders, urinary infections

	Special therapies, Alternative therapies				
	Nursing procedures				
	Drug used in treatment of genito urinary disorders				
VII	Nursing management of disorders of male (adults including elderly) reproductive				
5 hrs.	system				
	Review of anatomy and physiology of male reproductive system				
	Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment				
	Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities				
	and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of male				
	reproductive system				
	Congenital malformations cryptorchidism				
	Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis				
	• Infections				
	Testes and adjacent structures				
	• Penis				
	Prostate: inflammation, infection, hypertrophy, tumour				
	Sexual Dysfunction				
	Contraception				
	Breast; gynecomastia, tumour				
	Climacteric changes, special therapies, alternative therapies				
	Nursing procedures				
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders male reproductive system				
VIII	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine				
	system				
10	Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system				
hrs.	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment				
	Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities				
	and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of -				
,	☐ Disorders of thyroid and parathyroid				
	☐ Diabetes mellitus				
	☐ Diabetes insipidus				
	☐ Adrenal tumour				
	☐ Pituitary disorders,				

	Special therapies, alternative therapies				
	Nursii	ng proce	edure		
	Drug used in treatment of disorders of endocrine system				
IX	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of				
	integumentary system				
10	•	Review	of anatomy and physiology of skin and its appendages		
hrs.	•	Nursing	g Assessment-History and physical assessment		
	•	Etiolog	y, Pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical		
		dietetic	s & nursing management of disorders of skin and its appendage		
			Lesions and abrasions		
			Infection and infestations; Dermatitis		
			Dermatoses; infectious and non infectious "inflammatory dermatoses"		
			Acne Vulgaris		
			Allergies and Eczema		
			Psoriasis		
			Malignant melanoma		
			Alopecia		
		Special	therapies, alternative therapies		
		Nursing	g procedures		
		Drugs u	sed in treatment of disorders of Integumentary system		
X	Nursi	ng man	agement of patient (adults including elderly) with musculoskeletal		
1.5	probl	ems			
15 hrs.	•	Review	of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system,		
	•	Nursing	Assessment-History and Physical assessment		
	•	Etiolog	y, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities		
		and med	dical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of -		
			Muscles, Ligaments and joints-inflammation, infection, trauma		
	,		Bones inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumour and trauma		
<b>y</b>			Osteomalacia and osteoporosis		
			Arthritis		
			Congenital deformities		
			Spinal column – defects and deformities, tumor, Prolapsed inter vertebral		
			disc, pott's spine		

	☐ Paget's disease
	• Amputation
	• Prosthesis
	Transplant & replacement surgeries
	Rehabilitation
	• Special therapies,
	Alternative therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of cmusculoskeletal system
XI	Nursing management of patient (adult including elderly) with Immunological
	problems
10	Review of Immune system,
hrs.	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
	Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of –
	Immunodeficiency disorder
	Primary immuno deficiency
	Phagocyte dysfunction
	B-cell and T-cell deficiencies
	Secondary immunodeficiency
	Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
	Incidence of HIV & AIDS
	Epidemiology
	Transmission – prevention of Transmission
	Standard Safety precautions' role of Nurse; Counseling
	Health education and home care consideration
	National AIDS control program – NACO, various national and international
	agencies
y	Infection control program
	Rehabilitation
	Special therapies, alternative therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of immunological system

XII	Nursin	ng man	agement of patient (adults including elderly) with Communicable
• 0	Diseas	es	
20 hrs.	• (	Overvie	ew of infectious disease, the infectious process
11150	• ]	Nursing	g Assessment – History and physical assessment
	• ]	Epidem	iology, infectious process, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment,
	1	preventi	ion and dietics. Control and eradication of common communicable disease
			Tuberculosis
	l		Diarrhoeal diseases
	l		Hepatitis A-E
	l		Herpes
	l		Chickenpox
			Smallpox
			Typhoid
			Meningitis
			Gas gangrene
			Leprosy
			Dengue
			Plague
			Malaria
			Diphtheria
			Pertussis
			Poliomyelitis
			Measles
			Mumps
			Influenza
			Yellow fever
			Filariasis
			HIV, AIDS
<b>,</b>	Specia Infection Specia Nursin	l Infectious Dis l therap g proce	Tract Infections ion Control measures; Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization, ease Hospitals ies, alternative therapies dures treatment of Communicable diseases

XIII	Peri Operative nursing:				
	•	Organis	sation and Physical set up of the Operation Theatre (OT):		
25			Classifications		
hrs.			O.T. Design		
			Staffing		
			Members of the OT team.		
			Duties and responsibilities of nurse in O.T.		
			Principles of Health and operating room attire		
			Instruments		
			Sutures and suture materials		
			Equipments		
			O.T. tables and sets for common surgical procedures		
			Positions and draping for common surgical procedures		
			Scrubbing procedures		
			Gowning and gloving		
			Preparation of O.T. Sets		
			Monitoring the patient during surgical procedures		
	•	Mainter	nance of therapeutic environment in O.T.		
	•	Standar	rd Safety measures		
			Infection control; fumigation, disinfections and sterilization		
			Biomedical waste management		
			Prevention of accidents and hazards in O.T.		
	•	Anestl	nesia		
			Types		
		E,	Methods of administration		
	X	_ 🗖	Effects and stages		
1			Equipments		
			Drugs		
			Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)		
			Pain management techniques		
			Legal Aspects		

#### Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – I Practical

Placements: Second year Time: Practical - 720 Hours

Clinical Areas: General Medical ward (\*Respiratory, GI, Endocrine, Renal, Hematology), General Surgical ward (GI, Urinary, CTVS), Cardiology ward, Skin & Communicable diseases ward, orthopaedic ward, Operation Theater.

Unit	Skill to be developed			
I.	Assessment of the patient			
	☐ Taking history			
	☐ Perform general and specific physical examination			
	☐ Identify alterations and deviations			
	Practice medical surgical asepsis-standard safety measures			
	Administer medications			
	☐ Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous			
	• IV therapy			
	☐ IV canulation			
	☐ Maintenance and monitoring			
	Oxygen therapy by different methods			
	Nebulization			
	Chest physiotherapy			
	Naso gastric feeding			
	Assist in common diagnostic procedure			
	Perform/Asst in therapeutic procedures			
	Blood and component therapy			
	Throat suctioning			
	Collect specimens for common investigations			
	Maintain elimination			
	☐ Catheterisation			
	☐ Bowel wash			
	□ Enema			

<ul> <li>Maintain Intake, output and documentation</li> <li>Counsel and teach related to teach related to specific disease cond</li> <li>II Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures</li> </ul>	
II Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures	ditions
Pre operative preparation of patients	
Post operative care-Receiving patient, assessment, monitoring, ca	nre
• Care of wounds and drainage,	
Suture removal	
Ambulation and exercise	1.0
Naso gastric aspiration	1
Care of chest drainage	
Ostomy care	
☐ Gastrostomy	
□ Colostomy	
□ Enterostomy	
Blood and component therapy	
Practice universal precautions	
III. Physical examination of the cardio vascular system Recording an	d interpreting ECG
Monitoring of patients	
Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnosis	procedures.
Administer cardiac drugs	
Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation	
Teaching patients and families	
<ul> <li>Teaching patients and families</li> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> </ul>	
Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures	
<ul> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> <li>IV. Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> <li>IV. Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> <li>Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> <li>Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> <li>Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Administer topical medication</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> <li>Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> <li>Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Administer topical medication</li> <li>Practice medical surgical asepsis standard safety measures</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures</li> <li>Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> <li>Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Administer topical medication</li> <li>Practice medical surgical asepsis standard safety measures</li> <li>Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)</li> </ul>	

V.	Assessment of orthopedic patients
	Assisit in application of plaster cast and removal of cast
	Apply skin traction buck's extension traction.
	Assist in application and removal of prosthesis
	Physiotherapy – Range of motion exercises (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises
	Crutch maneuvering technique.
	Activites of daily living
	Ambulation
	Teach and counsel patients and families
VI	Scrubbing, gowning, gloving
	Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations
	Disinfection, Carbonization, fumigation of OT
	Preparation of instrument sets for common operations
	Sterilization of sharp and other instruments
	Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation
	Positioning and monitoring of patients
	Endotracheal intubation
	Assisting in minor and major operations
	Handling specimens
	Disposal of waste as per the guideline

#### Internship

Time: 430 hours (9 weeks)

**Areas:** ICU, CCU, CARDIAC OT, Neuro ICU, ITU, OT, Burn and plastic Reconstructive surgery, OT Laproscopic ortho-paedic eye ENT

Laproscopi	c ormo-paedic eye EN I			
Duration	Objectives	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment
(in week)				Methods
2	<ul> <li>To gain proficiency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assist in arterial puncture</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Article puncture-5</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>
	in ICU nursing	for blood gas analysis.	<ul> <li>Taking out ECG stripe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Checking with</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Develop advance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform ECG and interpret</li> </ul>	-5	supervisor
	skill in special	accordingly.	• Tracheal suction -5	
	procedures used in	<ul> <li>Conduct and analysis of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For all assigned</li> </ul>	
	critical care Unit	pulse oximetry.	patients.	
	<ul> <li>Identify potential</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Care with artificial airway.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Oxygen administration</li> </ul>	
	problems and	• Care with artificial	by CPAP mask and	
	provide accordingly.	intubation.	use Ambu bag.	
	<ul> <li>Skill in setting and</li> </ul>	• Setting up ventilator.	• Assessment for all	
	handeling ventilator	• Giving care in ventilator.	assigned	
	Administer injection	Drug sheet	-	

	<ul> <li>in infusion pump.</li> <li>Record accurately findings and medications.</li> <li>Develop IPR with family members.</li> <li>Acquint with OT technique.</li> </ul>	Observation of special procedure in OT.		
2	<ul> <li>Develop skill in neurological assessment.</li> <li>Give care to the patient with head injury and spinal injury.</li> <li>Care with chest surgery and cranial surgery.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess neurological status</li> <li>Implement care to head injury and spinal injury patients</li> <li>Drug sheet</li> <li>Pre and postoperative care with neuro surgery patients.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assessment for all assigned patients.</li> <li>Nursing care plan-2</li> <li>Drug sheet</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Record book</li><li>Observation checklist.</li></ul>
2	<ul> <li>Assess the severity of burns.</li> <li>Administer rehydration therapy.</li> <li>Observe reconstructive surgery</li> </ul>	Nursing care	120	
3	<ul> <li>Identify instruments</li> <li>Assist in OT set Up</li> <li>Supervise sterilization</li> <li>Assist in OT table lay out.</li> <li>Observe immediately after operation.</li> <li>Supervise infection control.</li> </ul>		• Assist-5 cases	Record book

# **Community Health Nursing – I Theory**

**Placements:** Second year Time: Theory - 90 Hours
Practical – 135 Hours

**Course Description :** This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of health.

Unit	Content
I.	Introduction
2 hrs.	Community health nursing
	Definition, concept and dimensions of health
	Definition, scope and importance of environment health
	Need for public awareness.
	Promotion of health
	Maintenance of health
II.	Determinants of health
20 hrs	• Eugenics
	• Ecosystem
	☐ Concept of an ecosystem
	☐ Structure and function of an ecosystem
	☐ Producers, consumers and decomposers
	☐ Energy flowing the ecosystem
	☐ Ecological Succession
	Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
	Introduction, types, characteristics features, structure and function of the
	following ecosystem :-
	a. Forest ecosystem
	b. Grassland ecosystem
	c. Desert ecosystem
	d. Aquatic ecosystem (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)
	• Environment:
	☐ Physical: Land, Air, light, ventilation, Water, Housing, Mineral resources,

			Energy resources, Sanitation: disposal of waste, disposal of dead bodies,	
			Forestation, Noise, Climate, Communication: Infrastructure facilities and	
			Linkages	
			Acts regulating the environment: National Pollution Control Board	
			Bacterial & viral: Agents, host carriers and immunity	
			Arthopods and Rodents	
			Environmental ethics: Issues & Possible solutions.	
			Climate change: Global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear	
			accidents and holocaust.	
	•	Food	d hygiene: Production, preservation, purchases, preparation, consumption	
	•	Acts	s regulating food hygiene prevention of food adulteration act, Drugs and	
		cosn	metic act	
	•	Soci	io-cultural Control of the control o	
			Customs, taboos	
			Marriage system	
			Family structure	
			Status of special groups; females, children, Elderly, challenged groups and sick	
			persons	
	•	Life	Style – Equitable use of resources for sustainable life style	
	•	Hyg	iene	
	•	Phys	sical activity	
			Recreation and sleep	
			Sexual life	
			Spiritual life philosophy	
	4		Self reliance	
	Q		Dietary pattern	
			Education	
			Occupation	
,	•	Fina	incial Management	
			Income	
			Budget	
			Purchasing power	
			Security	

III	Epid	emiol	ogy
10 hrs	•	Defi	nition, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemiology
	•	Dyn	amics of disease transmission: epidemiological triad
	•	Mor	bidity and mortality: measurements
	•	Leve	els of prevention
	•	Metl	hods of epidemiology of
			Descriptive
			Analytical: Epidemic Investigation
			Experimental
IV	Epid	emiol	ogy and nursing management of Common Communicable
25 hrs	•	Resp	piratory infections
			Small Pox
			Chicken Pox
			Measles
			Influenza
			Rubella
			ARI's & Pneumonia
			Mumps
			Diphtheria
			Whooping cough
			Meningococcal meningitis
			Tuberculosis
			SARS
	•	Intes	tinal Infections
	_		Poliomyelitis
1	Q		Viral Hepatitis
			Cholera
			Diarrhoeal diseases
<b>y</b>			Typhoid fever
			Food poisoning
			Amoebiasis
			Hook worm infection
			Ascariasis

			Dracunculiasis
	•	Arth	ropod infections
			Dengue
			Malaria
			Filariasis
	•	Zoon	noses
	•	Viral	
			Rabies
			Yellow fever
			Japanese encephalitis
			Kyansur forest disease
	•	Bacte	erial
			Brucellosis
			Plague
			Human Salmonellosis
			Anthrax
			Leptospirosis
	•	Rick	ettsial diseases
			Rickettsial zoonoses
			Scrub typhus
			Murine typhus
			Tick typhus
			Q fever
	•	Paras	sitic zoonoses
			Taeniasis
		<b>D</b>	Hydatid disease
			Leishmaniasis
	•	Surfa	ace infection
<b>y</b>			Trachoma
			Tetanus
			Leprosy
			STD & RTI
			Yaws

	□ HIV/AIDS
	Any Other
V.	Epidemiology and Nursing Management of non Communicable Diseases
10 hrs	<ul> <li>Malnutrition: under nutrition, over nutrition, nutritional deficiencies</li> </ul>
	• Anaemia
	Hypertension
	• Stroke
	Rheumatic, Heart Disease
	Coronary Heart Disease
	• Cancer
	Diabetes mellitus
	• Blindness
	• Accidents
	Mental illness
	• Obesity
	Iodine Deficiency
	• Fluorosis
	• Epilepsy

	Demography
6 hrs	Definition, concept and scope
	Methods of collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data
	Demographic rates an ratios
VII	Population and its control
17 hrs	Population explosion and its impact on social, economic development of individua
	society and country
	Population control:
	☐ Overall development: Women empowerment, social, economic and
	educational development
	Limiting family size:
	☐ Promotion of small family norm
	☐ Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc)
	☐ Terminal: surgical methods
	☐ Emergency contraception

## **Community Health Nursing – I Practical**

Placements: Second year Time: Practical - 135 Hours

Areas: Urban and Rural Community

Unit		Skill to be develop
I.	•	Use Techniques of interpersonal relationship
	•	Identification of health determinants of community
Urban	•	History taking
2	•	Physical examination
weeks	•	Collect specimen sputum, malaria smear
	•	Perform simple lab tests at centre-blood for Hemoglobin and sugar, urine for
Rural		albumin and sugar
2	•	Administer vaccines and medications to adults
weeks	•	Counsel and teach individual, family and community
		□ Nutrition
		☐ Hygiene
		☐ Self health monitoring
		☐ Seeking health services
		☐ Healthy life style
		☐ Family welfare methods
		☐ Health promotion

### **Communication & Educational Technology**

Placements: Second year Time: Theory - 90 Hours

**Course Description:** This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community health and educational settings.

Unit	Content
I.	Review of Communication process
5 hrs	Process; elements and channel
	Facilitators
	Barriers and methods of overcoming techniques
II	Interpersonal relations
5 hrs	Purpose & Types
	• Phases
	Barriers & Methods of overcoming
	Johari Window
III	Human relations
5 hrs	Understanding self
	Social behaviour, motivation, social attitudes
	Individual and groups
	Groups & individual
	Human relations in context of Nursing
	Group dynamics
	• Team work

IV	Guidance & conselling
	Definition
10 hrs	Purpose, scope and need
(T)	Basic principles
	Organization of counseling services
5 hrs (P)	Types of conselling approaches
(1)	Role and preparation of counselor
	Issues for counseling in nursing: students and practitioners
	Counselling process- steps & techniques, tools of counselor
	Managing disciplinary problems
	Management of crisis & referral
V	Principle of education & teaching learning process
5 hrs	Education: meaning, philosophy, aims, functions & principles
	Nature and characteristics of learning,
	Principles and maxims of teaching,
	Formulating objectives; general and specific
	Lesson planning
	Classroom Management
VI	Methods of teaching
10 hrs (T)	• Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar, symposium, panel discussion, role
10 1	play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed instruction, computer
10 hrs (P)	assisted learning, micro teaching, problem based learning, self instructional module and simulation etc.
	Clinical teaching methods: case method, nursing round & reports, bedside clinical
	presentation, conference (individual & group) process recording.
VII	Educational Media
10 hrs (T)	Purposes & types of A.V. Aids, principles and sources etc.
	Graphic aids: chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin,
8 hrs (P)	cartoon
(-)	• Three dimensional aids: objects, specimens, models, puppets
	Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets
	<ul> <li>Projected aids: slides, overhead projector, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera, microscope, LCD</li> </ul>

VIII	
VIII	• Computer
	Assessment
5 hrs	Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment
(T)	Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods
7 hrs	• Assessment of knowledge: essay type questions, short answer questions (SAC
(P)	Multiple choice questions (MCQ)
	• Assessment of skills: observation checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objecti
	structured clinical examination (OSCE)
	Assessment of Attitudes: Attitude scales
IX	Information, Education & Communication for heath (IEC)
5 hrs	Health behaviour & health education
	Planning for health education
	Health education with individuals, groups & communities
	Communicating health messages
	Methods & media for communicating health messages
	Using mass media

## Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – II

**Placements :** Third year Time : Theory - 120 hrs.

Practical - 270 hrs.

**Course Description:** The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Content
I	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear Nose and Throat.
	Review of anatomy and physiology of the Ear Nose and Throat
15	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
hrs.	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	and medical & surgical nursing management of Ear Nose and Throat disorders:
	☐ External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies, and tumours
	☐ Middle Ear-Impacted wax, Tympanic membrane perforation, otitis media,
	otosclerosis, mastoidits, tumours
	☐ Inner ear-Meniere's Disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity, tumours
	☐ Upper airway infections —
	Common cold, sinusitis, ethinitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, tonsilitis and
	adenoiditis, peritonosilar abscess, laryngitis.
	• Upper respiratory airway - epistaxis,
	Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction, cancer of the larynx
	Cancer of the oral cavity.
	Speech defects and speech therapy
	• Deafness —
	Prevention, Control and rehabilitation
	Hearing Aids, implanted hearing devices
<b>&gt;</b>	Special therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Ear Nose and throat
	Role of nurse Communicating with hearing impaired and muteness.

II	Nursing management of patient with disorders of eye	
15 hrs.	<ul> <li>Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye</li> <li>Nursing Assessment –History and Physical assessment</li> <li>Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &amp; surgical nursing management of eye disorders:    Refractive errors</li>   Eyelids-infection, tumours and deformities   Conjunctiva-inflammation and infection, bleeding   Cornea-inflammation and infection   Lens-Cataracts   Glaucoma   Disorder of the <u>uveal</u> tract,   Ocular tumours   Disorders of posterior chamber and retina: Retinal and vitreous problems.   Retinal detachment   Ocular emergencies and their prevention   Blindness   National blindness control program   Eye Banking   Eye Banking   Eye prostheses and Rehabilitation   Role of a nurse-Communication with visually impaired patient, Eye camps   Special therapies   Nursing procedures </ul>	
III 16 hrs.	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye  Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders  Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system  Nursing Assessment — History, Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale  Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders  Congenital malformations  Headache  Spinal Injuries:  Paraplegia  Hemiplegia  Quadraplegia  Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc  Tumors of the brain & spinal cord  Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms  Infections:  Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis	
	<ul> <li>Movement disorders</li> <li>Chorea</li> <li>Seizures</li> <li>Enilepsies</li> </ul>	

	Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA)
	Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies- Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia
	Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr'e Syndrome
	Myasthenia gravis
	Multiple sclerosis
	Degenerative diseases
	☐ Delirium
	☐ Dementia
	☐ Alzheimer's disease
	☐ Parkinson's disease
	Management of unconscious patients and patients with stroke
	Role of the nurse in communicating with patient having neurological deficit
	Rehabilitation of patients with neurological deficit
	Role of nurse in long stay facility (institutions) and at home
	Special therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of neurological disorders
IV	Nursing management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system
	Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system
	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
16	Breast Self Examination
hrs.	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	and medical & surgical nursing management of disorders of female reproductive
	system
	Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system
	Sexuality and Reproductive Health
	Sexual Health Assessment
	Menstrual Disorder ;
	Dysmenorrhea, Amenorrhea, Premenstrual Syndrome
	Abnormal Uterine Bleeding; Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia
	Pelvic Inflammatory Disease-
	Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders; infections, cysts, tumours
	• Uterine and cervical disorders; Endometriosis, polyps, fibroids, Cervical and uterine
	tumours, uterine displacement, Cystocele/Urethrocele/Rectocele
	Vaginal disorders; Infections and Discharges, Fistulas
	Vulvur disorders; Infections, cysts, tumours
	Diseases of breasts; Deformities, Infections, Cysts and Tumours
	Menopause and Hormonal Replacement Therapy
	Infertility
	Contraception; Types, Methods, Risk and effectiveness
<b>y</b>	☐ Spacing Methods
	- Barrier methods, Intera Uterine Devices, Hormonal, Post conceptional
	Methods, etc.
	☐ Terminal methods
	- Sterilization
	Emergency Contraception methods
	Abortion – Natural, medical and surgical abortion – MTP Act

	T:- C11- C 1
	Toxic Shock Syndrome
	Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence
	Special therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders
	National family welfare programme
V	<ul> <li>Nursing management of patients with Burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery</li> <li>Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues and various</li> </ul>
10	deformities
10 hrs.	Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment and assessment of burns and fluid an electrolyte loss
	Etiology, classification, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment
	modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of Burns and Re-constrictive and Cosmetic surgery;
	<ul> <li>Type of Re-constructive and cosmetic surgery of burns, congenital deformities,</li> </ul>
	injuries and cosmetic purposes.
	Role of nurse
	<ul><li>Legal aspects</li><li>Rehabilitation</li></ul>
	• Special therapies
	Psycho social aspects
	Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of Burns reconstructive and cosmetic surgery
VI	Nursing management of patients with oncological conditions
V I	Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells
	N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1
10	
hrs.	Prevention, screening, Early detection, Warning signs of cancer      Fridamielana
1113.	• Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification, Pathophysiology, Staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of oncological conditions
	Common malignancies of various body system; Oral, larynx, lung, Stomach and
	Colon, Liver, Leukemias and lymphomas, Breast, Cervix, Ovary, Uterus, Sarcoma, Brain, Renal, Bladder, Prostate etc
	Oncological emergiences
	Modalities of treatment
	☐ Immunotherapy
	Chemotherapy
	☐ Radiotherapy
	Surgical Interventions
1	☐ Stem cell and bone marrow transplants
	Gene therapy
	☐ Other forms of treatment
	Rehabilitation
	Home care
	Stomal therapy
	<ul> <li>Psychosocial aspects of cancer</li> <li>Rehabilitation</li> <li>Palliative care; symptom and pain management, nutritional support</li> <li>Home care</li> <li>Hospice care</li> </ul>

Special therapy Special therapies – Psycho – Social aspects Nursing procedures Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & Disaster situations VII **Disaster Nursing:** Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing Causes and Types of Disaster: 10 Natural and Man-made hrs. ☐ Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics, Cyclones ☐ Fire, Explosion, Accidents ☐ Violence, Terrosim; bio-chemical, War Policies related to emergency/disaster management'; International, national, state, institutional Disaster preparedness: Team, Guidelines, protocols, Equipments, Resources • Coordination and involment of; community, various govt. departments, non-govt. departments, non-govt. organizations and International agencies • Role of nurse: working • Legal Aspects of Disaster Nursing Impact on Health and after effect; Post Traumatic Stress Disorder Rehabilitation; physical, psychosocial, Financial, Relocation Emergency Nursing **Emergency Nursing** Concept, priorities, principles and Scope of emergency nursing • Organization of emergency service: physical setup, staffing equipment and supplies, protocols, Concepts of triage and role of triage nurse. • Coordination and involvement of different departments and facilities Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical Emergency Principles of emergency management Common emergencies; Respiratory Emergencies Cardiac Emergencies Shock and Haemorrhage Pain Poly-Trauma, road accidents, crush injuries, wound Bites Poisoning; Food, Gas, Drugs & chemical poisoning Thermal Emergencies; Heat stroked & Cold injuries Pediatric Emergencies Psychiatric Emergencies Obstetrical Emergencies

> Violence, Abuse, Sexual Assault Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation

Crisis Intervention

	Role of the nurse; communication and Inter personal Relations
	Medico-Legal Aspects;
37111	
VIII	Nursing care of the elderly
	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
10	Ageing;      Demonstrate Marks and realities.
hrs.	Demography; Myths and realities
1113.	• Concepts and theories of ageing
	Cognitive Aspects of Ageing
	Normal biological ageing
	Age related body systems changes
	Psychosocial Aspects of aging
	Medications and elderly
	Stress & coping in older adults
	Common Health Problems & Nursing management;
	• Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Musculosketetal,
	• Endocrine, genito-urinary, gastrointestinal
	Neurological, skin and other Sensory organs      Provide a sciolage of Sensory organs
	Psychosocial and Sexual
	Abuse of elderly
	• Role of nurse for care of elderly: ambulation, nutritional, communicational, psychosocial and spiritual
	<ul> <li>Role of nurse for caregivers of elderly</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Role of family and formal and non formal caregivers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures),</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use of aids and prostness (nearing aids, dentares);</li> <li>Legal &amp; Ethical Issues</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provisions and Programmes for elderly; privileges, community programmes and</li> </ul>
	health services;
	Home and institutional care
IX	Nursing management of patient in critical care units
	Nursing Assessment History and Physical assessment
	Classification
10	Principles of critical care nursing
hrs.	Organization; physical setup, policies, staffing norms,
	Protocols, equipment; and supplier
	• Special equipments; ventilation, cardiac monitors, defibrillators.
	• Resuscitation equipments
	Infection Control Protocols
\	• Nursing management of critically ill patient;
	Monitoring of critically ill patient
	CPR-Advance cardiac life support
	Treatments and procedures
	Transitional care
	Ethical and Legal Aspects
	Communication with patient and family
	Intensive care records
	Crisis Intervention

<ul> <li>Industrial disorders</li> <li>Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment</li> <li>Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Death and Dying – coping with</li> <li>Drugs used in critical care unit</li> </ul>
Se Allreine Sylvine Sy	<ul> <li>Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment</li> <li>Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &amp; surgical nursing management of occupational and industrial healt disorders</li> <li>Role of nurse</li> <li>Special therapies, alternative therapies</li> <li>Nursing procedures</li> </ul>

### Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatrics) – II Practical

**Placements:** Third year Time: Theory-120 hrs.

Practical-270 hrs.
Internship – 430 hrs

Clinical Area: ENT, Ophathalmology, Neurology, Gynacecology, Burn unit, oncology, Critical care

unit, causality/ emergency unit, ICCU.

Unit	Skill to be developed
I.	Perform examination of ear, nose and throat
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Instillation of drops
	Perform/assist with irrigations.
	Apply ear bandage
	Perform tracheostomy care
	Teach patients and families
II	Perform examination of eye
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Perform/assist with irrigations
	Apply eye bandage
	Apply eye drops/ointments
	Assist with foreign body removal
	Teach patients and families
III	Perform Neurological
1	Examination
	Use Glasgow Coma scale
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedure
	• Teach patients & families
	Participate in rehabilitation program
	1

IV	Assist with gynecological Examination	-
	Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	Assist with therapeutic procedures	
	Teach patients families	
	Teaching self breast examination	
	Assist with PAP smear collection	6
V	Assessment of the burn patient	
	☐ Percentage of burns	
	☐ Degree of burns	
	Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy	
	□ Assess	
	☐ Calculate	
	□ Replace	
	☐ Record intake/output	
	Care of Burn wounds	
	☐ Bathing	
	□ Dressing	
	Perform active & passive exercise	
	Practice medical & surgical asepsis	
	Counsel & teach patients and families	
	Participate in rehabilitation program	
VI	Screen for common cancers – TNM classification	
	Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	Biopsies	
	Pap smear	
	Bone – marrow aspiration	
	Breast examination	
	Assist with therapeutic procedures	
y	Participates in various modalities of treatment	
	☐ Bone – marrow aspiration	
	Breast examination	
	Assist with therapeutic procedures	
	Participates in various modalities of treatment	

		☐ Chemotherapy	
		☐ Radiotherapy	
		☐ Pain management	
		☐ Stoma therapy	
		☐ Hormonal therapy	
		☐ Immuno therapy	
		☐ Gene therapy	
		☐ Alternative therapy	
	•	Participate in palliative care	
	•	Counsel and teach patients families	
		□ Self Breast Examination	
		□ Warning sings	
	•	Participate in rehabilitation program	
VII	•	Monitoring of patients in ICU	
	•	Maintain flow sheet	
	•	Care of patients on ventilators	
	•	Perform Endotracheal suctions	
	•	Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc.	
	•	Collect specimens and interprets ABG analysis	
	•	Assist with arterial puncture	
	•	Maintain CVP line	
	•	Pulse oximetry	
	•	COR-ALS	
	•	Defibrillators	
	•	Pace makers	
		Bag-mask ventilation	
		Emergency tray/trolly-crash cart	
		Administration of drugs	
<b>y</b>		☐ Infusion pump	
		□ Epidural	
		☐ Intrathecal	
		☐ Intracardiac	
	•	Total parenteral therapy	

	Chest physiotherapy
	Perform active & passive exercises
	Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and bereavement
VIII	Practice "triage"
	Assist with assessment examination, investigations & their interpretations, in
	emergency and disaster situations
	Assist in documentations
	Assist in legal procedures in emergency unit
	Participate in managing crowd
	Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement

Internship

Internship			Time: 430 hours (9 weeks)		
Area	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills to be developed	Assignments	
Medical Ward	2	Provide comprehensive care to	Integrated assess	Assessment clinical performance with rating sale	
Surgical Ward	2	patients with medical and surgical conditions including emergencies			

including emergencies 1 Critical care unit/ICCU Assist with common 2 operations Casualty/E mergency Operation Theatre 2 (Eye, ENT, Neuro)

### **Child Health Nursing**

**Placements:** Third year Time: Theory-90 hrs.

Practical-270 hrs.

Internship – 145 hrs

**Course Description:** This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Unit	Content
I	Introduction
1.5	Modern concepts of childcare
15 hrs.	Internationally accepted rights of the child
	National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare
	National programmes related to child health and welfare
	Agencies related to welfare services to the children
	Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspects of
	child health
	Child morbidity and mortality rates.
	Differences between an adult and child
	Hospital environment for a sick child
	• Impact of hospitalisation on the child and family.
	Grief and bereavement
	The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child
	Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children
	Child health nursing procedures
II	The healthy child
20	Principles of growth and development
20 hrs.	Factors affecting growth & development
<b>&gt;</b>	Growth and development from birth to adolescence
	• The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental
	guidance
	Nutritional needs of children & infants: breast feeding exclusive breast feeding
	supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning.

Baby friendly hospital concept Accidents causes and prevention Value of play and selection of play material Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain Preventive paediatrics Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics  Nursing care of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Nursing management of a low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Othrs.  Nursing management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-utinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing management in hospital and home and prevention.				
Value of play and selection of play material Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain Preventive paediatrics Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics  Nursing care of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Nursing management of a low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Othrs.  V Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nurritional deficiency disorders Nursing management in common childhood diseases Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-utinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Naurological infections and disorders: Naurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: Luvenile Diabetes Mellitus Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Baby friendly hospital concept		
Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain Preventive paediatrics Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics  Power of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Nursing management of a low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-unimary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Accidents causes and prevention		
Preventive paediatrics Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics  III Nursing care of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Nursing management of a low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus Corthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Value of play and selection of play material		
Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics  Nursing care of a neonate     Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care     Nursing management of a low birth weight baby.     Kangaroo mother care     Nursing management of common neonatal disorders     Organization of neonatal unit     Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.    V		Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain		
III Nursing care of a neonate  Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care  Nursing management of a low birth weight baby.  Kangaroo mother care  Nursing management of common neonatal disorders  Organization of neonatal unit  Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  V Nursing management in common childhood diseases  Nutritional deficiency disorders  Respiratory disorders and infections  Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders  Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease  Genito-utinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders.  Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.  Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia  Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus  Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.  Disorders of skin, eye, and ears  Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Preventive paediatrics		
Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care  Nursing management of a low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  IV Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-utinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics		
hrs.  Neonatal resuscitation  Nursing management of a low birth weight baby.  Kangaroo mother care  Nursing management of common neonatal disorders  Organization of neonatal unit  Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.  Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)  Nursing management in common childhood diseases  Nutritional deficiency disorders  Respiratory disorders and infections  Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders  Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease  Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders.  Neurological infections and disorders: Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing	III	Nursing care of a neonate		
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<ul> <li>disease</li> <li>Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders.</li> <li>Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.</li> <li>Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia</li> <li>Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus</li> <li>Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.</li> <li>Disorders of skin, eye, and ears</li> <li>Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing</li> </ul>		Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders		
<ul> <li>Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor, infection and congenital disorders.</li> <li>Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.</li> <li>Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia</li> <li>Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus</li> <li>Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.</li> <li>Disorders of skin, eye, and ears</li> <li>Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing</li> </ul>		Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart		
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<ul> <li>Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus</li> <li>Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.</li> <li>Disorders of skin, eye, and ears</li> <li>Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing</li> </ul>		hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.		
<ul> <li>Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.</li> <li>Disorders of skin, eye, and ears</li> <li>Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing</li> </ul>		Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia		
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Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.		
		Disorders of skin, eye, and ears		
management in hospital and home and prevention.		Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		
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	drowning.
	Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/AIDS.
VI	Management of behavioural & social problems in children
10	Management of common behavioural disorders
hrs.	Management of common psychiatric problems
	Management of challenged children: Mentally, Physically, & Socially challenged
	Welfare services for challenged children in India.
	Child guidance clinics
	SCAIRGIAN

# **Child Health Nursing Practical**

**Placements:** Third year Time: Practical -270 hrs.

(9 Weeks)

Internship – 145 hrs

(3 Weeks)

Clinical Areas: Paediatric Medicine ward, Paediatric surgery ward, Paediatric OPD/Imunization room, Paediatric medicine and surgery ICU, Nursery.

Unit		Skill to be developed
I	•	Taking Paediatric History
	•	Physical examination and assessment of children
	•	Administer of oral, I/M & IV medicine/fluids
	•	Calculation of fluid requirements
	•	Prepare different strengths of I.V. fluids
	•	Apply restraints
	•	Administer O <sub>2</sub> inhalation by different methods
	•	Give baby bath feed children by katori spoon, etc
	•	Collect specimens for common investigations
	•	Assist with common diagnostic procedures
	•	Teach mothers/parents
		☐ Malnutrition
		☐ Oral rehydration therapy
		☐ Feeding & Weaning
		Immunization schedule
		☐ Play therapy
		Specific Disease conditions
		Calculate, prepare and administer I/V fluids
		Do bowel wash
<b>&gt;</b>	•	Care for ostomies
		☐ Colostomy Irrigation
		□ Ureterostomy
		☐ Gastrostomy
		□ Enterostomy

	•	Urinary catheterization and drainage
	•	Feeding
		□ Naso-gastric
		□ Gastrostomy
		□ Jejunostomy
	•	Care of surgical wounds
		□ Dressing
		□ Suture removal
II	•	Assessment of children
		☐ Health assessment
		☐ Developmental assessment
		☐ Immunization
		☐ Health/ Nutritional Education
III	•	Care of a baby in incubator/warmer
	•	Care of a child on ventilator
	•	Endotracheal suction
	•	Chest physiotherapy
	•	Administer fluids with infusion pump
	•	Total parenteral nutrition
	•	Photo therapy
	•	Monitoring of babies
	•	Cardio Pulmonary resuscitation

Internship

Time: 145 hrs (3 weeks)

Area	Duration (in weeks)	Objective	Skill to be develop	Assessment
Paediatric medicine ward/ICU	1	<ul> <li>Provide comprehensive care to children with medical conditions</li> </ul>	Integrated     Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating sale
Paediatric surgery ward/ICU	1	<ul> <li>Provide         comprehensive care         to children with         surgical conditions</li> </ul>	Integrated     Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	1	Provide intensive care to neonates	Integrated     Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

#### **Mental Health Nursing**

**Placements:** Third year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 270 hrs.

Internship – 95 hrs (2 weeks)

**Course Description:** This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Unit	Content
I	Introduction
	Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health nursing: evolution of mental health
5 hrs.	services, treatments and nursing practices.
	Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders
	Mental Health Act
	National Mental health policy vis a vis a National Health Policy
	National Mental Health programme
	Mental health team
	Nature and scope of mental health nursing
	Role and functions of mental health nurse in various setting and factors affecting the level
	of nursing practice
	Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour
II.	Principles and concepts of Mental Health Nursing
	Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used
5 hrs.	Classification of mental disorders : ICD
	Review of personality development, defense mechanisms
	Maladaptive behaviour of individuals and groups; stress, crisis and disaster(s)
1	Etiology; bio-psycho-social factors
<b>&gt;</b>	Psychopathology of mental disorders; review of structure and function of brain, limbic
	system and abnormal neuro transmission
	Principles of Mental health nursing
	Standards of mental health nursing practice
	Conceptual models and the role of nurse:

□ Psycho-analytical models □ Behavioural model □ Interpersonal Model  III Assessment of mental health status • History taking • Mental status examination • Mini mental status examination • Neurological examination: Review • Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI • Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse  IV Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship • Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics 6 hrs. • Types of relationship, • Ethics and responsibilities • Elements of nurse patient contract
III Assessment of mental health status
III
<ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Mental status examination</li> <li>Mini mental status examination</li> <li>Neurological examination: Review</li> <li>Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT &amp; MRI</li> <li>Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse</li> <li>Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship</li> <li>Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics</li> <li>Types of relationship,</li> <li>Ethics and responsibilities</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>8 hrs.</li> <li>Mental status examination</li> <li>Mini mental status examination</li> <li>Neurological examination: Review</li> <li>Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT &amp; MRI</li> <li>Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse</li> <li>Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship</li> <li>Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics</li> <li>Types of relationship,</li> <li>Ethics and responsibilities</li> </ul>
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Role and responsibilities of nurse  IV Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship  • Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics  6 hrs. • Types of relationship,  • Ethics and responsibilities
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<ul> <li>Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics</li> <li>Types of relationship,</li> <li>Ethics and responsibilities</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>6 hrs.</li> <li>Types of relationship,</li> <li>Ethics and responsibilities</li> </ul>
Ethics and responsibilities
Elements of nurse patient contract
Review of technique of IPR - Johari window
Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques
Therapeutic impasse and its intervention
V Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders
14 • Psycho Pharmacology
hrs.  • Psychological therapies: Therapeutic community, psycho therapy-Individual: psycho-
analytical, cognitive and supportive, Family, Group Behavioural, Play, Psycho-drama,
Music, Dance, Recreational and Light therapy, Relaxation therapies; Yoga, Meditation
bio feedback
Alternative systems of medicine
Occupational therapy
Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy
Geriatric considerations
Role of nurse in above therapies

VI	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders
5 hrs.	Classification: ICD
	Etiology, psycho-pathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnosis
	Nursing Assessment – History, Physical and mental assessment
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia and other
	psychotic disorders
	Geriatric considerations
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
VII	Nursing management of patient with mood disorders
5 hrs.	Mood disorder: Bipolar affective disorders, Mania depression and dysthamia etc.
	Etiology psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis.
	Nursing Assessment- History, Physical and mental assessment
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders
	Geriatric considerations
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
VIII	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders
8 hrs.	Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorder, Obsessive compulsive
o ms.	disorder, compulsive disorder, Somatoform disorders Post traumatic stress disorder
	Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis
	<ul> <li>Nursing Assessment – History, Physical and mental assessment</li> </ul>
	• Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related
	and somatization disorders
	Geriatric considerations
	Follow – up and home care and rehabilitation

IX	Nursing Management of patient with Substance use disorders
5 hrs.	Commonly used psychotropic substance: Classification, form, routes, action,
	intoxication and withdrawal
	Etiology of dependence: tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal
	syndrome, diagnosis,
	Nursing assessment –History, Physical, mental assessment and drug assay
	• Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction)
	and nursing management of patients with substance use disorder
	Geriatric considerations
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
X	Nursing management of patient with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders
4 hrs.	Classification of disorders
	Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis,
	Nursing Assessment-history, Physical and mental assessment
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Personality, Sexual and
	Eating disorders
	Geriatric considerations
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
XI	Nursing management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency
	Classification
6 hrs.	• Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis, Nursing Assessment-History,
	Physical, mental and IQ assessment
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including mental
	deficiency
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
XII	Nursing management of organic brain disorders
	Classification: ICD?
5 hrs.	Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis
	(parkinsons and alzheimers)
	Nursing assessment – History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders
	Geriatric considerations

	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation
XIII	Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention
6 hrs.	Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management
	Stress adaptation Model: stress and stressor, coping, resources and mechanism
	Grief: Theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counseling
	Types of crisis
	Crisis Intervention: Principles, Techniques and process
	Geriatric considerations
	Role and responsibilities of nurse
XIV	Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing
4 hrs.	The Mental Health Act 1987: Act, Sections, Articles and their implications etc.
	Indian Lunacy Act. 1912
	Rights of mentally ill clients
	Forensic psychiatry
	Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking
	Admission and discharge procedures
	Role and responsibilities of nurse
XV	Community Mental Health Nursing
4 hrs.	Development of Community Mental Health Services
	National Mental Health Programme
	Institutionalization Versus Deinstitutionalization
	Model of preventive psychiatry: levels of prevention
	Mental Health Services available at the primay, secondary, tertiary levels including
	rehabilitation and Role of nurse
	Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, national and International
	Mental Health nursing issues for special populations: Children, adolescence, Women,
	Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc.

### **Mental Health Nursing - Practical**

Placements: Third year Time: Practical – 270 hrs (9 weeks)

> Fourth year Internship – 95 hrs (2 weeks)

Clinical Areas: Psychiatric OPD, Child Guidance clinic, Inpatient ward, Community psychiatry.

Unit	Skill to be develop	
Ι	History taking	
	Perform mental status examination (MSE)	
	Assist in Psychometric assessment	
	Perform Neurological examination	
	Observe and assist in therapies	
	Teach patients and family members	
II	History taking	
	Assist in psychometric assessment	
	Observe and assist in various therapies	
	Teach family and significant others	
III	History taking	
	Perform mental status examination (MES)	
	Perform Neurological examination	
	Assist in psychometric assessment	
	Record therapeutic communication	
	Administer medications	
	Assist in Electro Convulsive Therapy (ECT)	
	Participate in all therapies	
	Prepare patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL)	
	Conduct admission and discharge counseling	
	Counsel and teach patients and families	
IV	Conduct case work	
	Identify individuals with mental health problems	
	Assists in mental health camps and clinics	
	Counsel and Teach family members, patients and community	
Inter	nternship Time: 95 hrs (2 Weeks)	

#### Internship

Clinical Areas	Duration	Objective	Skill to be developed	Assessment
Psychiatry	2 Weeks	Provide comprehensive	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical
ward		care to patients with	_	performance with rating
		mental health problems		scale

#### **Nursing Research and Statistics**

**Placements:** Third year Time: Theory - 45 hrs.

Practical - 45 hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need based research studies in various setting and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

Unit	Content
I	Research and research process
4 hrs.	Introduction and need for nursing research
	Definition of Research & nursing research
	Steps of scientific method
	Characteristics of good research
	Steps of Research process-overview
II	Research Problems/Question
3 hrs.	Identification of problem area
	Problem statement
	Criteria of a good research problem.
	Writing objective
III	Review of Literature
3 hrs.	• Location
	Sources
	On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc.
	Purposes  Method of review
IV	Research approaches and designs
4 hrs.	Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs
V	Sampling and data collection
8 hrs.	Definition of population, sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing
	sampling process, types of sampling techniques.
	Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect.
	Data Collection methods and instruments:

	☐ Methods of data collection
	<ul> <li>Questioning, interviewing</li> </ul>
	☐ Observations, record analysis and measurement
	☐ Types of instruments
	☐ Validity & Reliability of the Instrument
	☐ Pilot study
	☐ Data collection procedure
VI	Analysis of data:
4 hrs.	Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation,
	interpretation of data
VII	Introduction to statistics
	Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement.
15 hrs.	Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data
	Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation
	Normal probability and tests of significance
	Co-efficient of correlation.
	Statistical packages and its application
VIII	Communication and utilization of Research
4 hrs.	Communication of research findings
	☐ Verbal report
	☐ Writing research report
	☐ Writing scientific article/paper
	Critical review of published research
	- Utilization of research findings

#### **Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing**

**Placements:** Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 180 hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal period in hospitals and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

Unit	Content		
Ι	Introduction to midwifery and obstetrical Nursing		
	Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical nursing		
3 hrs	Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing		
	☐ Historical perspectives and current trends		
	☐ Legal and ethical aspects		
	☐ Pre-conception care and preparing for parenthood		
	Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care.		
	☐ National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health and welfare.		
	☐ Maternal, morbidity, mortality and fertility rates.		
	Perinatal, morbidity and mortality rates		
II	Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system and foetal		
	development		
8 hrs.	• Female pelvis-general description of the bones joints, ligaments, planes of the		
	pelvis diameters of the true pelvis, important landmarks, variations in pelvis shape.		
	Female organs of reproduction-external genitalia, internal genital organs and their		
	anatomical relations, musculature-blood-supply, nerves, lymphatics, pelvic cellular		
	tissue, pelvic peritoneum.		
	Physiology of menstrual cycle		
	Human sexuality		
	Foetal development		
	☐ Conception		

			Review of fertilization, implantation (embedding of the ovum), development
			of the embryo and placenta at term-functions, abnormalities, the foetal sac,
			amniotic fluid, the umbilical cord,
			Foetal circulation, foetal skull, bones, sutures and measurements.
	•	Re	view of Genetics
III	Asse	essme	ent and management of pregnancy (ante-natal)
	•	Nor	mal pregnancy
8 hrs.	•	Phy	siological changes during pregnancy
			Reproductive system
			Cardio vascular system
			Respiratory system
			Urinary system
			Gastero intestinal system
			Metabolic changes
			Skeletal changes
			Skin changes
			Endocrine system
			Psychological changes
			Discomforts of pregnancy
	•	Dia	agnosis of pregnancy
			Signs
			Differential diagnosis
			Confirmatory test
	•	Ant	e-natal care
			Objective
	Q		Assessment
			- History and physical examination
			- Antenatal Examination
			- Signs of previous child-birth
			☐ Relationship of foetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie, Attitude, Presentation,
			position
			☐ Per-vaginal examination.
	•	Sci	reening and assessment for high risk;

	Risk approach
	History and Physical Examination
	Modalities of diagnosis; Invasive & Non-Invasive, ultrasonic, cardiotomography,
	NST,CST
	Antenatal preparation
	☐ Antenatal counseling
	☐ Antenatal exercises
	☐ Diet
	☐ Substance use
	☐ Education for child-birth
	☐ Husband and families
	☐ Preparation for safe-confinement
	☐ Prevention from radiation
	Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy
	☐ Adjustment to pregnancy
	☐ Unwed mother
	☐ Single parent
	☐ Teenage pregnancy
	☐ Sexual violence
	• Adoption
IV	Assessment and management of intra-natal period
	Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour
12	<ul> <li>Management of labour</li> <li>First stage</li> </ul>
hrs.	- Signs and symptoms of onset of labour; normal and abnormal
	- Duration - Preparation of;
	☐ Labour room
	□□Woman
1	- Assessment and observation of women in labour; partogram-maternal and foetal monitoring
<b>Y</b>	- Active management of labour, Induction of labour
	- Pain relief and comfort in labour
	<ul> <li>Second stage</li> <li>Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal</li> </ul>
	☐ Duration
	☐ Conduct of delivery; Principles and techniques ☐ Episiotomy (only if required)

	☐ Receiving the new born
	- Neonatal resuscitation; initial steps and subsequent resuscitation
	- Care of umbilical cord
	- Immediate assessment including screening for congenital anomalies
	- Identification
	- Bonding
	- Initiate feeding
	- Screening and transportation of the neonate
	• Third stage
	☐ Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal ☐ Duration
	☐ Method of placental expulsion
	☐ Management; Principles and technique
	Examination of the placenta
	Examination of perineum
	Maintaining records and reports
	Fourth Stage
V	Assessment and management of women during post natal period
5 hrs.	Normal puerperium; Physiology, Duration
	Postnatal assessment and management
	Promoting physical and emotional well-being
	☐ Lactation management
	☐ Immunization
	Family dynamics after child-birth.
	Family welfare services; methods, counseling
	• Follow-up
* **	Records and reports
VI	Assessment and management of normal neonates
6 hrs.	Normal neonate;
	☐ Physiological adaptation;
	☐ Initial & Daily assessment
	Essential newborn care; Thermal control,
	Breast feeding, presentation of infections
	Immunization
	Minor disorders of newborn and its management
1	Levels of neonatal care (level I, II, & III)
<b>&gt;</b>	At primary, secondary and tertiary levels
	Maintenance of Reports and Records

VII	High – risk pregnancy – assessment & management
	Screening and assessment
10	☐ Ultrasonic, cardiotomography, NST, CST, non-invasive & invasive,
hrs.	☐ Newer modalities of diagnosis
	High-risk approach
	Levels of care; primary, secondary and tertiary levels
	Disorders of pregnancy
	☐ Hyper-emesis gravidarum, bleeding in early pregnancy, abortion, ectopic
	Pregnancy, vesicular mole,
	☐ Ante-partum haemorrage.
	Uterine abnormality and displacement.
	Diseases complicating pregnancy
	☐ Medical and surgical conditions
	☐ Infections, RTI (STD), UTI, HIV, TORCH
	☐ Gynecological diseases complicating pregnancy
	☐ Pregnancy induced hypertension & diabetes,
	☐ Rh incompatibility
	☐ Mental disorders
	Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi and grand multipara
	Multiple pregnancy
	Abnormalities of placenta & cord
	Intra-uterine growth-retardation
	Nursing management of mothers with high-risk pregnancy
	Maintenance of records and report
VIII	Abnormal Labour-assessment and management
	Disorders in labour
10	☐ CPD and contracted pelvis
hrs.	☐ Malpositions and malpresentations
	☐ Premature labour, disorders of uterine actions-precipitate labour, prolonged
	labour
	☐ Complications of third stage: injuries to birth canal
	Obstetrical emergencies and their management;

	☐ Presentation and prolapsed of cord, Vasa praevia, amniotic fluid embolism,			
	rupture of uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstetrical shock			
	Obstetrical procedures and operations;			
	☐ Induction of labour, forceps, vacuum, version, manual removal of placenta,			
	caesarean section, destructive operations			
	Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures			
IX	Abnormalities during Postnatal Periods			
	Assessment and management of woman with postnatal complications			
4 hrs.	☐ Puerperal infections, breast engorgement & infections, UTI, thrombo-Embolic			
	disorders, post - partum hemorrhage, Eclampsia and subinvolution.			
	☐ Psychological complications:			
	- Post partum Blues			
	- Post partum Depression			
	- Post partum Psychosis			
X	Assessment and management of High risk newborn			
	Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care unit – protocols			
10	• Nursing management of :			
hrs.	- Low birth weight babies			
	- Infections			
	- Respiratory problems			
	- Hemolytic disorders			
	- Birth injuries			
	- Malformations			
	Monitoring of high risk neonates			
	Feeding of high risk neonates			
	Organisation and management of neonatal intensive care units			
	Infection control in neonatal intensive care units			
	Maintenance of reports and records			
XI	Pharmaco-therapeutics in obstetrics			
4 hrs.	Indication, dosage, action, contra-indication and side effects of drugs			
	Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour & puerperium,			
	• Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in obstetrics – Oxytocins,			

	antihypertensives, diuretics, tocolytic agents, anticonvulsatnts,
	Analgesics and anesthetics in obstetrics.
	Effects of maternal medication on foetus and neonate
XII	Family Welfare programme
	Population trends and problems in India
10 hrs.	Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme
	National Population : dynamics, policy and education
	National family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH. Safe motherhood
	Organization and administration; at national, state, district, block and village
	levels
	Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary and permanent, Emergency
	contraception
	Infertility and its management
	Counseling for family welfare
	Latest research in contraception
	Maintenance of vital statistics
	Role of national, international and voluntary organizations
	Role of a nurse in family welfare programme
	Training/supervision/Collaboration with other functionaries in community like
	ANMs. LHVs. Anganwadi workers, TBAs (Traditional birth attendant Dai)

# **Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing Practical**

**Placements:** Fourth year Time: Practical – 180 hrs
Internship - 420 hrs.

Clinical Areas: Antenatal clinic/OPD, Antenatal wards Labour room O.T., Post natal ward, Newborn

nursery, Family planning clinic, MCH Clinic.

Unit	Skills to be developed
I	Antenatal history taking
	Physical examination
	Recording of Weight & B.P.
	Hb & Urine testing for sugar and albumin
	Antenatal examination abdomen and breast
	Immunization
	Assessment of risk status
	Teaching antenatal mothers
	Maintenance of Antenatal records
II	Assessment of Woman in labour
	Pervaginal examinations and interpretation
	Monitoring and caring of woman in labour
	Maintenance of partograph
	Conduct normal delivery
	New born assessment and immediate care
	Resuscitation of newborns
	Assessment of risk status of newborn
	Episiotomy and suturing
	Maintenance of labour and birth records
1	Arrange for and assist with caesarean section and care for woman & baby during
<b>&gt;</b>	Caesarean
	Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures
III	Examination and assessment of mother and Baby
	Identification of deviations
	Care of postnatal mother and baby

	Perineal care
	Lactation management
	Breast feeding
	Baby bath
	Immunization
	Teaching postnatal mother:
	☐ Mother craft
	□ Post natal care & Exercises
	☐ Immunization
IV	Newborn assessment
	Admission of neonates
	Feeding of at risk neonates
	☐ Katori spoon, paladi, tube feeding, total parenteral nutrition
	Thermal management of neonates-kangaroo mother care, care of baby in incubator
	Monitoring and care of neonates
	Administering medications
	Intravenous therapy
	Assisting with diagnostic procedure
	Assisting with exchange transfusion
	Care of baby on ventilator
	Phototherapy
	Infection control protocols in the nursery
	Teaching and couselling of parents
	Maintenance of neonatal records
V	Counselling techniques
	Insertion of IUD
	Teaching on use of family planning methods
1	Arrange for and assist with family planning operations
<b>&gt;</b>	Maintenance of record and reports

#### st Essential Requirements for registration as midwife

♦ Antenatal examination	30
◆ Conducting normal deliveries in hospital/home/health centre	20
♦ Vaginal examination	5
♦ Episiotomy and suturing	5
♦ Neonatal resuscitation	5
♦ Assist with Caesarean Section	2
♦ Withness/Assist abnormal deliveries	5
<ul> <li>Postnatal cases nursed in hopsital/home/health centre</li> </ul>	20
♦ Insertion of IUD	5

Note: All casebooks must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements.

#### **Internship Obstetrical Nursing**

#### Internship Duration – 9 weeks (420 hours)

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
	(In Weeks)				
Labour ward	3	Provide comprehensive care to mothers and neonates	Integrate	<ul> <li>Completion         of other         essential         requirement</li> </ul>	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Neonatal intensive care unit/NICU	2	5		Case book recording	Completion of case book recording
Antenatal Postnatal	2				

## **Community Health Nursing - II**

**Placements:** Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 135 hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concepts and principels of health and community health nursing.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduction		
4 hrs.	Definition, concept & scope of Community Health and Community Health		
	Nursing.		
	Historical development of		
	☐ Community health		
	☐ Community health Nursing		
	- Pre-independence		
	- Post-independence		
II	Health planning and policies and problems		
6 hrs.	National health planning in India Five Year Plans		
	Various communities and commissions on health and family welfare		
	☐ Central Council for Health and family welfare (CCH and FW)		
	☐ National health policies (1983, 2002)		
	☐ National population policy		
	Health problems in India		
	Environmental pollution: Cause, effects and control measures		
	Acts related to environmental health		
	☐ Environment protection act		
	☐ Air (prevention and control of pollution) Act		
<b>&gt;</b>	☐ Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act		
	☐ Wild life protection act		
	☐ Forest conservation act		
	☐ Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation		

III	Delivery	of community health services
15	• Pl	anning, budgeting and material management of SCs, PHC and, CHC
hrs.	• Ru	ural: Organization staffing and functions of rural health services provided by
	go	overnment at:
		Village
		Subcentre
		Primary health centre
		Community health centre/sub divisional
		Hospitals
		District
		State
		Centre
	• Url	oan: Organization, staffing and functions of urban health services provided by
	gov	vernment at:
		Slums
		Dispensaries
		Maternal and child health centers
		Special Clinics
		Hospitals
		Corporation/Municipality/ Board
	• Co	mponents of health services
	☐ Er	nvironmental sanitation – causes, effects and control measures of urban waste.
	□ н	ealth education
	□ V	ital statistics
	□ M	.C.H. antenatal, natal, postnatal, MTP Act, female foeticide act, child
	ad	loption act.
1	☐ Fa	amily welfare
<b>&gt;</b>	□ Na	ational health programmes
		chool health services
	□ O	ccupational health – solid waste management, cause effect and control
	m	easures.
		efense services

	☐ Institutional services
	Systems of medicine and health care
	☐ Allopathy
	☐ Indian system of Medicine and Homeopathy
	☐ Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual
	healing etc.
	Referral system
<b>IV</b> 25	Community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel  • Approaches
hrs.	<ul> <li>□ Nursing theories and nursing process</li> <li>□ Epidemiological approach</li> <li>□ Problems solving approach</li> <li>□ Evidence based approach</li> <li>□ Empowering people to care for themselves</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Concepts of Primary Health Care :</li> <li>Equitable distribution</li> <li>Community participation</li> <li>Focus on prevention</li> <li>Use of appropriate technology</li> <li>Multi-sectoral approach</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel in –</li> <li>Family health services</li> <li>Information Education communication (IEC) - Role in environment and health.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>□ Management Information System (MIS): Maintenance of Records &amp; reports</li> <li>□ Training and supervision of various categories of health workers</li> <li>□ National Health Programmes</li> <li>□ Environmental sanitation</li> <li>□ Maternal and child health and Family welfare</li> </ul>
	Treatment of minor ailments School Health Services Occupational Health Organization of clinics, camps: Types, Preparation, Planning, conduct and evaluation
>	<ul> <li>Waste management in the center, clinics etc.</li> <li>Home visit: Concept, Principles, Process, Techniques: Bag technique in home visit</li> <li>Qualities of Community Health Nurse</li> <li>Job Description of Community health nursing personnel</li> </ul>

V	Assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health		
	•	Empowerment for self care of individuals, families and groups in-	
15	A- Assessment of self and family		
hrs.		Monitoring growth and development	
	-	Mile stones	
	-	Weight measurement	
	-	Social development	
		Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring	
		Menstrual cycle	
		Breast self examination and testicles examination	
		Warning Sign of various diseases	
		Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar	
	B. See	ek health services for	
		Routine checkup	
		Immunization	
		Counseling	
		Diagnosis	
		Treatment	
		Follow up	
	C. Ma	aintenance of health records for self and family	
	D. Co	ntinue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases and	
	disa	abilities.	
	E. Ca	rryout therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for self and family	
	F. Wa	aste Management	
		Collection and disposable of waste at home and community	
	G. Sei	nsitize and handle social issues affecting health and development for self and	
	family	y	
<b>&gt;</b>	•	Women Empowerment, Women and child welfare	
	•	Women and child abuse	
	•	Abuse of elders	
	•	Female Foeticide	
	•	Commercial sex workers	

	•	Food adulteration
	•	Substance abuse
	H. Util	ize community resources for self and family
		Trauma Services
		Old age homes
		Orphanage
		Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals
		Homes for destitute
VI	Nation	al health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse
	(1)	National ARI programme
20	(2)	Revised National Tuberculosis Control programme (RNTCP)
hrs.	(3)	National Anti-Malaria programme
	(4)	National Filaria Control programme
	(5)	National Guinea worm eradication programme
	(6)	National Leprosy eradication programme
	(7)	National AIDS control programme
	(8)	STD control programme
	(9)	National programme for control of blindness
	(10	) Iodine deficiency disorder programme
	(11	) Expanded programme on immunization
	(12	) National Family welfare programme- RCH programme historical
		development, organization, administration, research, constraints
	(13	) National water supply and sanitation programme
	(14	) Minimum Need programme
	(15	) National Diabetics control programme
	(16	Polio Eradication: Pulse Polio Programme
	(17	) National Cancer Control Programme
	(18	) Yaws Eradication Programme
<b>y</b>	(19	) National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis programme
	(20	) 20 point programme
	(21	) ICDS programme
	(22	) Mid-day meal applied nutritional programme
	(23	) National mental heath programme

	Health schemes
	□ ESI
	□ CGHS
<b>X/II</b>	☐ Health insurance
VII	Health Agencies  Literation In White Linear Li
5 laws	International – WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, DANIDA,
5 hrs.	European Commission (EC), Red cross, USAID, UNESCO, Colombo Plan, ILO, Care
	etc.
	National – Indian Red cross, Indian Council for child welfare, family planning
	Association of India (FPAI), Tuberculosis Association of India. Hindu Kusht Nivaran
	Sangh, Central Social Welfare Board, All India women's conference, Blind
	Association of India etc.
	RASIBSCAN

## **Community Health Nursing – II Practical**

Placements: Fourth year Time: Practical - 135 hrs.

Internship - 192 hrs.

Clinical Areas: Community health urban and rural centres.

Unit	Skills to be developed
Ι	Community health survey
	Community diagnosis family care: Home adaptation of common procedures
1	Home visit: Bag technique
week	Organize and conduct clinics antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camps etc
Urban	Screen manage and referrals for:
	☐ High risk mothers and neonates
	☐ Accidents and emergencies
4	☐ Illnesses: Physical and mental
week Rural	☐ Disabilities ☐
Kurar	<ul> <li>Conduct delivery at centre/home: episiotomy and suturing</li> </ul>
	Resuscitate newborn
	School health programme
	☐ Screen, manage, refer children
	☐ Collaborate with health and allied agencies
	Train and supervise health workers
	<ul> <li>Provide family welfare services: insertion of IUD</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Counsel and teach individuals, family and community about: HIV, TB,</li> </ul>
	Diabetes, hypertension, Mental health, adolescents, elderly's health, physically
	and mentally challenged individuals etc
	Collect and calculate vital health statistics
	Document and maintain
	Individual, family and administrative records.
	Write reports – center, diseases, national health programme/projects.

Internship: Time: 192 hrs (4 weeks)

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills to be developed	Assessment
Urban	4 weeks	Provide comprehensive care to individual, family and community	• Integrated Practice and group project - I in each rural and urban	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
				<ul><li>Evaluation of project</li></ul>

Note: During the rural posting they should stay in health centres uner the supervision of teachers.

## **Management of Nursing Services and Education**

**Placements:** Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services, nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduction to management in nursing		
	Definition, concepts and theories		
4 hrs.	Functions of management		
<b>(T)</b>	Principles of management		
	Role of nurse as a manager		
II	Management process		
5 hrs.	<ul> <li>Planning; mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan</li> </ul>		
<b>(T)</b>	• Staffing: philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification		
	systems, scheduling.		
	<ul> <li>Human resource management; recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining,</li> </ul>		
	promoting, super annuatation etc.		
	Budgeting: concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis, audit		
	Material management: equipment and supplies		
	Directing process (Leading)		
	Controlling: Quality management		
	• Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt Chart).		

III	Management of nursing services in the hospital and Community
8 hrs.	Planning:
<b>(T)</b>	☐ Hospital and patient care units including ward management
	☐ Emergency and disaster management
20	Human resource management:
hrs.	☐ Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuation
<b>(P)</b>	etc.
	☐ Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels
	☐ Patient/population classification systems
	☐ Patients/ population assignment and nursing care responsibilities
	☐ Staff development and welfare
	Budgeting: proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies
	for -
	☐ Hospital and patient care units
	☐ Emergency and disaster management
	Material Management; procurement, inventory control, auditing and
	maintenance in -
	☐ Hospital and patient care units
	☐ Emergency and disaster management
	Directing and leading: delegation, participatory management -
	☐ Assignments, rotations, delegations
	☐ Supervision & guidance
	Implement standards, policies, procedures and practices
	☐ Staff development and welfare
	Maintenance of discipline
	Controlling/Evaluation:
	☐ Nursing Rounds/Visits, nursing protocols, manuals
	☐ Quality Assurance Model, documentation-
	☐ Records and reports performance appraisal
IV	Organizational behaviour and human relations
5 hrs.	<ul> <li>Concepts and theories of organizational behaviours</li> </ul>
	Review of Channels of Communication

	Leadership styles
	Review of Motivation; concepts and theories
	Group dynamics
	• Techniques of;
	☐ Communication; and
	☐ Interpersonal relationships
	☐ Human relations;
	Public relations in context of nursing
	Relations with professional associations and employee unions and Collective
	bargaining
V	In Service education
5 hrs.	Nature & scope of in-service education programme.
(T)	Organization of in-service education
5 hrs.	Principles of adult learning
<b>(P)</b>	Planning for in-service education program, techniques, methods & evaluation of
	staff education program,
	Preparation of report
VI	Management of nursing educational institutions
10	Establishment of nursing educational institution – INC norms and guidelines
10 hrs.	Co-ordination with-
	☐ Regulatory bodies
	☐ Accreditation
	☐ Affiliation
	Philosophy/objectives
	- Organization
	☐ Śtructure
1	☐ Committees
<b>&gt;</b>	- Physical facilities
	□ College/School
	☐ Hostel
	- Students
	☐ Selection ☐ Admission
I	☐ Admission

		Guidance and Counseling
		Maintaining discipline
		- Faculty and staff
		Selection
		Recruitment
		Job description
		Placement
		Performance appraisal
		Development and welfare
	•	Budgeting
	•	Equipments and supplies: audiovisual equipments, laboratory equipment,
		books, journals etc.
	•	Curriculum; Planning, implementation and evaluation,
	•	Clinical facilities
	•	Transport facilities
	•	Institutional Records and reports – Administrative, faculty, staff and students
VII	Nursi	ng as a profession
		Nursing as a profession
10		☐ Philosophy; nursing practice
hrs.		☐ Aims and objectives
		☐ Characteristics of a professional nurse
		Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- constitution, functions
		Current trends and issues in nursing
		Professional ethics
	5	Code of ethics; INC, ICN
	X	Code of Professional conduct; INC, ICN
		Practice standards for Nursing; INC
		Consumer protection act
		Legal Aspects in nursing
		☐ Legal terms related to practice; registration and licensing
		☐ Laws related to nursing practice; Branch and penalties
		☐ Malpractice and negligence

	Professional Advancement:	
3 hrs.	Continuing education	
	Career Opportunities	
	Collective bargaining	
	Membership with professional organizations; National and International	_
	Participation in research activities	
	Publications; Journals, Newspapers etc.	
	APMSUB SCHIRSTING	